Bedford Inquirer.

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Forward & Gaither,

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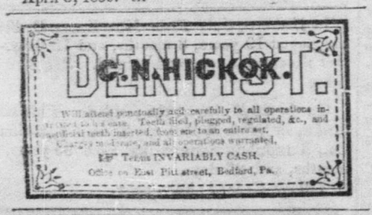
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DR. J. S. ESHLEMAN,

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Pattonsville and vicinity.

Night calls promptly attended to.

Pattonsville, March 18, 1859.-z

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RESPECTFULLY tenders his professiona services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hoffus.

Nov. 6, 1857.

Dr. F. C Reamer,

Physician and Surgeon.

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Feb. 19, 1857.

A CARD.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the practice of medicine in the village of St. Clairsville, night calls promptly attended to.

Office opposite the St. Clair Inn.

WM. A. VICKROY,
G. W. STATLER.

Feb. 11, 1859.-6 mo.

Poetry.

DAILY DYING.

Not in a moment drops the rose
That in a summer garden grows;
A twilight song of ecstacy,
And the red, red leaves at its fragant heart,
Trembling so in delicious pain,
Fall to the ground with a sudden start,
And the grass is gay with a crimson strain;
And a honey-bee out of the fields of clover,
Heavily flying the garden over,
Brushes the stem as it passes by,
And others fall where the heart-leaves lie;
The air and dew, ere the night is done,
Have stolen the petals, every one.

The maple does not shed its leaves
In one tempestuous scarlet rain.
But softly, when the South wind grieves,
Slow wandering over wood and plain,
One by one they wander through
The Indian Summer's hazy blue,
And drop at last on the forest mould,
Coral and ruby and burning gold.

And sunset's gleam of gorgeous dyes
Never with one shadow fades away,
But slowly o'er those radiant skies
There steals the evening cold and gray,
The amber and violet linger still
When stars are over the eastern hill.

Our death is gradual, like to these;
We die with every waning day;
There is no waft of sorrow's breeze
But bears some heart leaf away!
Up and on to the vast To Be,
Our life is going eternally!
Loss of earth than we had last year
Throbs in your veins and throbs in mine,
But the way to heaven is growing clear,
While the gates of the city shine,
And the day that our latest treasures flee,
Wide they will open for you and me.

HE THAT OVERCOMETH.

BY T. S. ARTHUR.

'You will be at the meeting to-night,' said a clergyman to an influential member of his society, speaking in an affirmative voice.

'No,' was the decisive answer; 'I shall remain at home.'

'Why so, Mr. Percival?' asked the clergyman, manifesting surprise.

'It is better for me to stay away.'

'I don't understand you.'

'I am too excitable. The way in which some of our members speak and act in these church meetings chafes and annoys me to such degree that I lose temper, and say things that do harm rather than good; so I have concluded to stay at home, and 'let matters take their course.'

'Is that right, brother Percival?' The minister looked at his parishioner with a sober countenance.

'It is best,' was answered.

'Best for what?'

'Best for my peace of mind, at least.'

'Even though disorderly measures are carried in your absence, and the church sustains an injury in consequence?'

'I am not so sure that such will be the case,' Mr. Percival answered.

'There is an important measure to be sustained or abandoned this evening.'

'I know.'

'You are the affirmative?'

'I am.'

'And you consider this measure of vital importance to the church?'

'I do.'

'And yet deliberately propose an abandonment of your post of duty?'

'I am not fit to take the post of duty. My temper is too excitable.'

The master gazed for some moments into the face of Mr. Percival, and then said—

'I was reading to-day in the book of Revelations, and noted a certain passage as involving a most important doctrine. It was this: 'To him that *overcometh* will I give to eat of the tree of life.' I read on, and soon the same doctrine was repeated, but with a new assurance —'He that *overcometh* shall not be hurt of the second death.' Still I read, and again the doctrine was announced, in the words, 'He that *overcometh*, the same shall be clothed in white raiment; and I will not blot out his name out of the book of life.' Now, what is it that we are to overcome in order that we may 'eat of the tree of life,' and 'not be hurt of the second death.' Think, my dear brother, and answer this question in your own heart.'

'We must overcome evil,' replied Mr. Percival, after a pause. His voice was rather sober.

'This impulsive temper of which you complain,' said the minister, 'is certainly an evil, if it hinders your usefulness to such a degree as to keep you away from duty.'

Mr. Percival bent his head, while a shade of concern passed over his features.'

'Is not the way plain before you, my brother?' The promise of life eternal is to him that *overcometh*. You must overcome if you would not be hurt of the second death.'

'Is it not far batter,' said Mr. Precival, 'knowing this weakness of nature, to keep myself free from temptation.'

'Will that be a conquest of evil? The cowardly soldier might offer the same reason for not venturing into battle, lest he disgrace himself, and injure his country, by running away. No, no; this will not do. You must conquer the foes of heaven upon the battlefield of your own heart. You must *overcome*.'

Mr. Percival bent his head again, and did not answer.

'Go to this meeting to-night,' said the clergyman, after a brief silence. 'Go to do your duty; and in the divine strength, that will surely be given to you, if you strive for victory over your easily-besetting sin, will you conquer and stand up a man. Go. A good cause has need of your efforts.'

'I thank you for this wise counsel,' replied Mr. Percival. 'I see that you are right. I must not let this sin, that doth so easily beset me, hold me back, a coward, from my place, when God calls me to stand up for the right. I must overcome, and, God helping me, I will.'

'Now you are in the right spirit,' said the minister encouragingly. "Hold fast to this good purpose, and go in this state of heavenly trust. You will return from the meeting to-night a stronger and a happier man.'

Under this view of the case, Mr. Percival could not absent himself from the church meeting. But he went with a guard set over his feelings, and a bridle on his tongue. There was one member who always led an opposition, no matter what the subject under consideration. It was only necessary to make a move towards doing something, to insure objection; and as he was a cool talker, and had a great deal of self-possession, he generally managed to carry a party with him. Towards this individual, whose name was Learned, Mr. Percival did not entertain very kind feelings; and whenever he opposed him, it was with excitement of manner, and, too often, with intemperance of speech. Thus he lost influence in his opposition; and always came away from such meetings deeply mortified at his want of self-control.

The business of the evening had progressed almost to a conclusion, without a remark from Mr. Percival, who sat a little apart from the rest, so quiet and absorbed that few thought him at all interested in the subject under discussion. Mr. Learned, as usual, was in opposition, and his cool, specious way of talking had gained over to his side quite a large number of the superficial minds in the assembly, and there was danger of defeat to a cause, the advocates of which had only the best interests of religion in view. The minister and others glaced towards Mr. Percival; but he neither moved nor looked up. At last, the vote was about being taken. Then, and not till then, did the excitable member, who saw the whole subject in the clearest light, venture to take the floor. He did so with a prayer on his lips —a prayer for aid in his struggle for self-control. His voice trembled a little as he began, and those who knew him well expected soon the old vehemence, and intemperance of manner. But a new spirit was at work in the heart of Mr. Percival, which soon showed itself in even tones, and a deliberate enunciation.—He took up the subject under consideration, and presented it in so many new lights, that numbers who had regarded it as of minor importance, now saw it as a measure which it was clearly their duty to support. He finished, without a single unkind word, sharp invective, or angry denunciation.

It was the usual course of things for Mr. Larned to reply to Mr. Percival's hot speech, in his cool, semi-sarcastic way, and neutralize, with a large number, all that was really valuable in what he had said. The contrast between his manner and that of Mr. Percival, no one saw more plainly than did Mr. Percival himself; who also perceived, but when too late, that he owed defeat to his own quick, blinding temper.

Now, however, Mr. Larned, on rising to answer the forcibly started argument of Mr. Percival, found himself without power. There had been no intemperate warmth; no blundering confusion of ideas; but a calm, rational directness of speech, that carried conviction to almost every mind—not excepting that of the always opposing member. When the question was taken, the measure passed by an almost unanimous vote.

The first fruits, my brother,' said the minister, as he walked away from the meeting with Mr. Percival. And if they be of such goodly size and quality, in the beginning, what may we not expect from the full grown tree. You have done nobly—nobly. 'He that is slow to anger is better than the mighty; and he that ruleth his spirit, than he that taketh a city.'

'It is a hard struggle,' answered Mr. Percival, more in humility than exultation. 'A very hard struggle. I so dreaded, knowing my infirmity, to take the floor, that nothing but an overpowering sense of duty could have driven me to my feet. I saw the whole subject in clear light and all the arguments in its favor were on my tongue's end. But I feared the blinding influence of a hasty temper. Thank Heaven! I was able to overcome in the struggle.'

'And so accomplished a double good,' said the minister. 'Good for yourself, and good for a cause that needed your advocacy. And now, my brother,' added the minister, 'let the valuable lesson this night received, go with you through life. Never shrink from duty because of fear lest you are not equal to the struggle against natural evil, which may be required.—The Christian must overcome natural evil.—Must put down the strong man of sin. Must succeed in every struggle with wrong. We must be conquerors here, if we would receive the victor's crown hereafter. *He that overcometh shall not be hurt of the second death.*'

Never complain unless you accect to do some good by complaining.

The Tigers of the Battle Field.

The present war in Europe brings into notice a new corps known as the Turcos. They are natives of Northern Africa, children of the desert, fearful to look upon, with their swarthy skins, tiger-like eyes, thin faces and spare forms, rapid in movement as the whirlwind, and bold as the lion. We subjoin the following graphic account of their operations at the combat of Turbigo which is found in a letter to the Paris Siecle. The writer says:—

'I know not whether the Turcos had forgotten their cartridges or threw them in the river as useless incumbrances, but they rushed towards the cannon without firing a gun.

'An officer who was present at the affair states he never witnessed such an extraordinary sight. At the sound of the bugle the Turcos spread in all directions, threw themselves on the ground, and advanced by bounds more like tigers than men, and at every leap raised a shrill cry, which drowned the sound of artillery. They had scarcely advanced half wey, when the artillery men, seeing what they imagined to be black monsters approaching under a fire of grape, detached their horses and rode off.

The Turcos, furious at part of their prey escaping them, redoubled their ardor and fell like lightning on the guns. They killed the gunners, massacred those within reach of their bayonets, and returned at double quick time with the seven guns which they had taken.—The Emperor was present at this feat of arms, which forms the pendant of that of Palestro. Strange to say they had only ten killed and a few wounded.'

Another correspondent thus writes of their conduct after the victory:—

'When the Austrians ran and the strife was over, the spectacle was not less strange. The frantic conquerors rolled upon the earth, and under the inspiration of some African war song, they danced the most frantic war dance, amidst bursts of laughter and frightful cries that they startled even their companions in arms. Some of them had forced their prisoners to sit beside them, and upon these poor prisoners at first they glared, as the lion glares upon its prey, and then with a species of fascination, as if they pitied the poor creatures, now without the means of defence. In other parts of the field they lay down upon the ground, exhausted with fatigue, recovering their strength.

The First Meeting of Kossuth and Garibaldi.

Every one has observed and pondered upon coincidences. Kossuth and Garibaldi, now so unexpectedly brought into co-operation upon the battle-fields of Europe by the strange network of circumstances, met for the first time at the international dinner given by Geo. N. Sanders in London, in 1854, to Mr. Buchanan and the European Republican leader. How far from seeming possibility then was their present conjunction in the fierce earthquake which is again rocking Europe, and in which Napoleon III is so mysteriously an agent! The career of those great men then seemed buried; now, it is alive again. The memorable past links itself to the present, and draws on a future. In the tangling complications of the hour, who shall prophecy its character? In the course of the splendid conversation which flashed between the great spirits gathered together on that unique occasion, Kossuth's eloquence became the theme of eulogy. Rising with modest grace, Kossuth replied, ever elegant and appropriate in the social hour as he is grand and pursuasive on public occasions. At the close of his response he exclaimed, with electric earnestness, "Gentlemen, would you know what I think the most eloquent speech of modern times?" He repeated in impressive tones the words—'Soldiers! for the love you bear your country I offer you war, hunger, thirst, cold, and death. Who accepts the terms let him follow me! There is the orator!" he said, waving his hand towards him, whose intrepid impetuosity now again rings through the world. Garibaldi, taken by surprise, was for a few instants quite overcome with emotion, but he mastered himself, and made a beautiful and soldierly reply.

Roused by this touching incident, the devoted Orsini followed in a speech of characteristic passion and depth. More resembling the ancient Athenian than his Roman ancestors, his emphatic but chaste delivery recalled the great principle of Demosthenic oratory—action. A model of youthful manhood, with a brilliant dark eye, and a fascinating smile, Orsini, although he had already suffered in loathsome dungeons, showed no trace of it in face or person. He was a Romeo, to captivate more fastidious Juliets than Shakspeare's heroine.

Two days after he left England—again to dare Austria, again to be imprisoned, again to escape—and that for the last time. To his daring and so nearly successful attempt, a year ago, upon Louis Napoleon's life, is greatly due the present imperial movement in Italy. It was then that the Emperor understood that the betrayed Carbonari held against him a power that might, at any time, evade all his police and defy his soldiery.

Receipt for Making Tattlers.—Take a handful of the vine called Runabout, the same quantity of the root called Nimble Tongue, a sprig of the herb called Backbite, at either before or after the dog days, a table spoonful of Don't-you-tell-it, six drachms of Malice, a few drops of Envy—which can be purchased in any quantity at the shop of Miss Tabitha Teatoble and Miss Fanny Nightwalker. Stir them well together and simmer them for half an hour over the fire of Discontent, kindled with a little Jealousy; then strain it through the rag of Misconstruction, hang it upon a skein of Streetyarn, shake it occasionally for a few days, and it is fit for use. Let a few drops be taken just before walking out, and the subject will be enabled to speak all manner of evil, and that continually.—*Macon Mes.*

An Initiation in the Sons of Malta. This mysterious order is spreading rapidly throughout the country, and every day receiving fresh accessions to its ranks. The meetings of the order in the provincial towns are the subject of as many curious speculations as their processions are everywhere. In cities, the lodge rooms are retired, and their ceremonies are conducted in secret, without startling anybody; but in rural districts, where mystery is not so attainable, the people are constantly wonder-worked, and the ladies especially are provoked almost beyond human endurance, because their inquisitiveness, excessively exasperated by mysterious sounds, is never gratified by satisfactory developments.—It is related by many who have experienced this sort of aggravation, that upon lodge meeting nights the most hideous sounds escape from the lodge rooms. Sometimes demoniac yells and hysterical sounds of heavy blows like a floor beaten with a maul, varied with an interlude of gongs, tin horns and cow bells, with now and then a rumbling like that of a huge log rolled upon the floor, or barrels filled with fragments rolled forcibly from one end of the hall, all mingled in horrid concord, creating a medley of fearful noises which seem appropriate to pandemonium. Women hear it, and are startled terrified from their slumbers, children scream with affright; men shudder with alarm; and the poor colored folks, prone to superstition, tremble with irrepressible terror. Crowds gather in the streets, and listen with painful emotions, until familiarity displaces fear, and curiosity less agonizing, usurps all other desires.—*Pitts. Chronicle.*

OLD AGE.

An infirmity which nobody knows. Nothing can exceed our early impatience to escape from youth to manhood, and appear older than we are, except our subsequent anxiety to obtain the reputation of being younger than we are. The first longing is natural, for Hope is before us, and it seems possible to anticipate that which we must soon reach; but the second is a weakness, not less strange than general, for we cannot expect to recover that from which we are perpetual flying, or avoid that which we are incessantly approaching. If by putting back our own date we could arrest the great clock of time, there would be an intelligible motive for our conduct. Alas! the timepiece of old Chronos never stops. Women, who imagine their influence to depend upon their personal attractions, naturally wish to preserve their youth.—It is in their power so to do; for she who captivates the heart and the understanding, never grows old; and as men are generally estimated by their moral and intellectual, rather than their baptismal recommendations—as a philosopher of fifty is preferred, by all those whose preference is worth having, to a fool of twenty—there is something very contemptible in a male horror of senility. So prevalent, however, is the feeling, that, with the exception of one individual, who has obtained an enviable immortality as 'middle age Hallam,' we have no chronology for man and women at, or beyond the meridian of life.

HOW TO PROSPER IN BUSINESS.

In the first place make up your mind to accomplish whatever you undertake; decide upon some particular employment, and persevere in it. All difficulties are overcome by diligence and assiduity.

Be not afraid to work with your own hands, and diligently, too. "A cat in gloves catches no mice."

Attend to your business, and never trust to another. "A pot that belongs to many is ill stirred and worse boiled."

Be frugal. "That which will not make a pot, will make a pot lid."

Be abstemious. "Who dainties love will beggars prove."

Treat every one with respect and civility.—Everything is gained, and nothing lost, by courtesy. Good manners insure success."

Never anticipate wealth from any other source than labor: especially never place any dependence upon becoming the possessor of an inheritance.

Above all things never despair. "God is where he was." Heaven helps those who help themselves.

Follow implicitly these precepts, and nothing can hinder you from prospering.

Good Society.—It should be the aim of young men to go into good society. We do not mean the rich, the proud, the fashionable, but the society of the wise, the intelligent and the good. Where you find men that know more than you do, and from whose conversation one can gain information, it is always safe to be found. Many a man has been broken down by associating with the low and vulgar—where the ribald song was inculcated, and the indecent story to excite laughter and the bad passions. Lord Clarendon has attributed his success and happiness in life to associating with persons more learned and virtuous than himself. If you wish to be respected, if you desire happiness and not misery, we advise you to associate with the intelligent and good. Strive for mental excellence and strict integrity, and you never will be found in the sinks of pollution, and on the benches of retailers and gamblers. Once habituate yourself to a virtuous course—once secure a love of good society—and no punishment would be greater than by accident to be obliged for a half day to associate with the low and vulgar.

A thimbleful of powder will split a rock four feet square.

The roots of a tree are hidden, so are the sources of evil.

He whose soul does not sing, need not try to do it with his throat.

Agricultural.

From the American Agriculturist.

Degeneration of Seed.

It has often been stated, that seed will degenerate in a few years, if its product be sown continuously in the same locality, and that it is necessary for the maintenance of good crops to frequently procure seed from a distance.—The experience of many persons seems to confirm this opinion. A correspondent of the *Agriculturist*, N. N. Hartzell, Hancock Co., Ill., in a letter received a short time since says, that having sowed the yellow-bearded wheat three years in succession, the seed each year being part of the crop raised the season preceding, the third crop was not worth harvesting. Upon procuring a new supply of seed from a distance a good yield was again obtained. This we believe agrees with the general opinion upon the subject. Why this is so is an interesting inquiry. Is the opinion correct? or is it a mere notion founded upon occasional coincidences, which has passed into an established belief without having been properly examined, and which is believed because "they say" it is so?

In the case of imperfect plants, that is those not furnished with all the necessary fertilizing organs, it is quite easy to understand that they may degenerate. If in the plants produced any year there should be a disproportionate number of staminate or pistillate varieties, the following crops might rapidly deteriorate from this cause. But most plants grown for sustenance are perfect in this respect, each being independent of the other. How then can we account for deterioration? Perhaps, somewhat as follows: Our cereals and esculents generally, are not now in their original natural state.—Their desirable qualities have been greatly improved by cultivation, that is, by placing them in circumstances the best adapted to bring out their good points. In locations and under treatment that would supply all the necessary conditions, we can scarcely doubt they would continue to retain their excellence, through generation after generation, for like causes must produce similar effects; but where any of these conditions are wanting, there will be year after year a proportionate loss of excellence, a relapsing into the orignial state. Now there are probably few places where plants enjoy all the conditions necessary to sustain their improved condition. Separate localities, however, differ as to the condition which is left unsupplied, and a seed partially lacking in one particular, if introduced in a district which can supply its want, would yield an improved product, and continue to do so until defects peculiar to the new location would in a few years render it unfit for that district, but still available for some other section which could in turn supply its defects.—Whether this be the true theory or not, facts indicate that a frequent change of seed is on the whole beneficial.

* Watering Trees and Plants.—When it is necessary to do this, do not just sprinkle the surface of the ground: this is 'only an aggravation' to the thirsty roots, and it leaves the ground in a bad state, hard and dry. Instead of this, remove the surface soil several inches deep, and give the roots a thorough soaking; then return the top soil, and mulch it with straw, leaves, tan-bark, or any such perous material. This will prevent the baking of the ground, and will keep the soil moist for a long time. The usual method of dashing water on the top of the ground is almost useless. Very little of the water so applied, reaches the roots of the tree. But carefully put into the ground, as we have mentioned, it will really answer some purpose.—*Ib.*

Curculio.—A remedy for this pest is proposed in the *Ohio Valley Farmer*, by Mr. Walker, of Kentucky. As soon as the fruit is attacked, take a tin pan into which soap-suds has been placed to the depth of an inch or so; place it in the tree, and place a small glass globe lamp in the middle of the pan, which permit to burn all night. In darting towards the light, the curculios strike the glass, and are precipitated into the liquid, from which they are unable to extricate themselves.—*Homestead.*

Mischief is not found in the eye the tongue or the hands—but in the heart.

To succeed you must keep moving; to grow rich you must keep *saving*.

He has the hardest kind of work who has nothing to do.

When is a wall like a fish? When it is scaled.

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, August 5, 1859.

"FEARLESS AND FREE."

D. OVER—Editor and Proprietor.

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27th J. Newton Pettis, Meadville.
28th Henry Souther, Ridgeway.

WM. RIDENBAUGH, ESQ., who served his time, some years ago, in the office of the Bedford *Gazette*, is now on a visit to this place. Mr. Ridenbaugh left here some seventeen years ago, and "pulled up" at St. Joseph, Missouri, when that town had but 150 inhabitants. He started a small paper there. The town in a few years grew into a city of 12,000, and was the point for the overland travel to California. With the town, the paper also increased, until Mr. Ridenbaugh was able, several years ago, on a large fortune to retire from business. He is now Clerk of the Courts of that County. We say, success till ye, Bill, we always like to see our old apprenticeship friends prosper.

Beef-Heels trys to pick us up, on a typographical mistake in our paper of week before last, in our article in reference to Hon. Ed. McPherson—"representation" instead of reputation. We wrote it reputation, but the compositor made it representation, and we did not discover it in reading the proof—it was discovered, however, before the impression was all off. The good sense of any reader with a thimbleful of brains would supply the correct word, but as Beef-Heels is known to be lamentably deficient in that article—he could not discover it.

A CHANGE.—We notice by the last *Gazette*, that Geo. W. Benford, Esq., retires, and B. F. Meyers, becomes sole proprietor. Mr. Benford is a very pleasant and social gentleman, and the good wishes of our people go with him—we are sorry we cannot say the same of the latter.

The President left the Bedford Springs on Monday. Whilst at the Springs he authorized his friends to state that he is not a candidate for a re-nomination. Knowing the past life of the old sinner, many do not believe him sincere.

The large crowd of visitors at the Bedford Springs and in town, still continues. Many are arriving, and there is room for more. Come on!

KENTUCKY ELECTION.—Seven Locofoco Congressmen to three opposition are probably elected. The Legislature Locofoco by a small marjority.

The newly accredited Belgian Ambassador to the U. States, and suite, are on a visit to the Bedford Springs. They put up at Mrs. Filler's.

OUR COUNTY TICKET.

GEO. W. WILLIAMS, our late attentive member of the House of Representatives, was unanimously re-nominated by the late County Convention. It is unnecessary to say anything in his favor, as he is well and favorably known all over the County, and will run a strong vote, the Gazette's lies and misrepresentations to the contrary notwithstanding. His election is certain. His colleague is GEO. G. WALKER, of Somerset County, our other late member, who was so faithful in attending to the interests of his constituents. He will receive the full vote of his party in this County, and will be elected.

JOHN TAYLOR, of Bedford Borough, the candidate for Associate Judge, is one of our best and most popular citizens, will make a firstrate officer, and as one of the Judges should be from Bedford or vicinity, ought to be elected: No better or stronger man is in the County.

SAMUEL J. WAY, of Bedford Borough, the candidate for Treasurer, is a moral, upright man, and will be a perfectly reliable man to handle the State and County funds. He is well qualified for the post, by education and business habits. Although his opponent, Mr. Shafer is also a good man, and was a firm anti-Lecompton and anti-Buchanan man last fall, in accepting the nomination for Treasurer on the Lecompton and Buchanan ticket, he renounces his former good principles, and, we think, becomes as much of a Lecompton man as any one. Mr. Way is all right on the anti-Lecompton question, and nothing *doubtful* about him.

JAMES ALLISON, of Napier, is nominated for County Surveyor. He is an old Surveyor, has had many years experience, and cannot be surpassed by any other in the County. His character is above reproach. He will run a strong vote.

JOHN B. MILLER, of Middle Woodberry, the candidate for Commissioner is an excellent business man, and as such a man is needed in the Commissioners office, the people will best serve their interests by electing him. Besides, the present board are all Locofocos, and at least one opposition should be placed there to watch the others; therefore, we hope he may be elected.

SAMUEL SHAFER of Union, the candidate for Poor Director, is just the man for the post. He is one of our best and most intelligent farmers, and popular wherever known. As all the board of Poor Directors are Locofocos, the people will see one of the strong reasons why he ought to be elected.

HENRY CLAY LASHLEY of Southampton, the candidate for Auditor, is a first-rate accountant and the very man for the station. He is popular and will run a strong vote.

Such, freemen of Bedford County is the ticket placed before you for your suffrages. It is one of the best and most popular ever offered you, and if you regard your own interests you will elect it.

Since our last issue, we made a short visit to Blair County, and sojourned very pleasantly for a few days with some friends at Spang's Mills. Whilst there, we made a number of clever acquaintances—who, by a variety of pastimes enabled us to enjoy a good time generally. The country in that vicinity is delightful—the scenery equals the finest in the State—whilst a fertile soil and improved highways combine to make an industrious people happy. A harvest has been lately gathered there, such as has not been equalled for years.

During our stay in Blair we had a pleasant evening drive to Martinsburg, over the new turnpike road which leads through one of the most wealthy parts of the beautiful valley of the Cove. We there met some old acquaintances, and some others with whom we hope to become better acquainted.

A drive over to Hollidaysburg added also to the pleasure of our stay. We there met a number of acquaintances and friends, the warm grasp of whose friendly hands we were glad to feel. Hollidaysburg is a city in miniature—and we were agreeably surprised to see the extent to which business is there carried on.—Several large Furnaces are there in active operation, whilst Rail Road and other public improvements favor greatly the dwellers in that mountain encircled town.

At the Maria Forges we witnessed the interesting process of making blooms, and as we saw the almost naked workmen at their fires, we could not help thinking of swarthy old Vulcan, (whom Venus loved,) laboring at his smoking forge. Love is ever capricious, but that the Goddess of Beauty should have ever been made to fall in love with the God of the Blacksmiths, is one of the wonders of Mythology that we could never perfectly comprehend. With adequate protection, such as is contended for by the People's party, this would be one of the richest portions of God's moral vineyard.

To Col. L. L. Moore, the present excellent and popular Manager of these Iron Works, and others, to Maj. Osterloh, and others, of Hollidaysburg, and Col. Beegle, of St. Clairsville, we would return thanks for sundry kind attentions during our absence. May their shadows *increase* with the flight of time.

An exchange of the monotonous labors of the sanctum for the quiet country and cool retreats of nature, is a pleasure that none but those who have experienced can appreciate.

Our old friend, John F. Loy, Esq., formerly of Bedford, but now of Pittsburg, is on a visit to Bedford.

Hon. Richard Rush, a prominent statesman died at Philadelphia, on the 30th ult.

DEATH OF COL D. H. HOFIUS.

We publish in to-day's paper a notice of the death, and an account of the funeral of the gentleman whose name heads this article, which we copy from the Blair County Whig, of the 2d inst. Col. Hofius was the son of Dr. John H. Hofius, an old and prominent physician of this place. He graduated at Marshall College, in Mercersburg, in the year 1840, and immediately thereafter commenced the study of the law in the office of Wm. Lyon, Esq., as stated in the article referred to.

Among the records of the Courts, in Quarter Sessions, Docket No. 6, p. 186, we find the following entry:

"Nov. 29, 1842. On motion of S. M. Barclay, Esq., DAVID H. HOFIUS, Esq. *admitted and sworn as an Attorney of the Courts.*"

Soon after his admission, Mr. Hofius became associated in the practice of his profession with W. C. Logan, Esq., the law partnership of Maun & Logan having been dissolved in consequence of the former, (Hon. Job Maun,) being called upon public duty to Harrisburg.—By this association, Mr. Hofius was soon in the midst of a large and profitable practice, and by a reference to the dockets, it may be still seen that the names of Logan & Hofius appear upon one side or the other of every case litigated at that day. This association continued for several years, until dissolved by the removal of Mr. Logan to the west, after which the deceased continued to practice alone up to 1847, when as 2d lieutenant in the "Independent Greys," a company of volunteers commanded by Capt. Taylor, he went to join our army in Mexico. We were there with him, in his Mexican campaign, and bear testimony to his noble conduct as an officer and soldier. He was beloved by the whole company.

Upon his return from Mexico, he removed to Hollidaysburg, where he was engaged in the practice of the law up to the date of his untimely death. We noticed him frequently during the last few years in our Courts here, engaged in the the trial of causes. He was a logical reasoner, an eloquent speaker, and as a lawyer had few equals among the members of his profession. He was well and favorably known to the people of Bedford, and his death will be sincerely regretted here. He was possessed of fine social qualities, and of prepossessing, indeed, a somewhat remarkable personal appearance—

"A combination and a form indeed,
Where every God did seem to set his seal,
To give the world assurance of a man."

To Maj. J. C. Osterloh, of Hollidaysburg, the present Brigade Inspector of Blair Co., (a devoted friend of the deceased,) much praise is due for the elegant and appropriate manner in which the military of that district manifested their last respect to their lamented brother.—The funeral arrangements were perfect, and the interest displayed, by citizens and soldiers, added to the solemnity of the occasion, showed how deeply he was enthroned in the hearts of the people.

But to the report:

DEATH OF COL. DAVID H. HOFIUS.

In our last we briefly alluded to the sudden, but not unexpected demise of our much respected fellow-citizen, Col. David H. Hofius, which event took place at the Exchange Hotel on Monday evening, between 7 and 8 o'clock. He had just taken a seat on the portico of the Hotel, and was listening to Col. Gilmore reading the Foreign news, when he fell back, gave a gasp or two, and before those who were seated on the portico could get him into the Hotel, he breathed his last.

Col. Hofius was a member of the bar, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He graduated at Marshall College, in Mercersburg, after which he studied law in the office of Wm. Lyon, Esq., in Bedford. Shortly after he was admitted to practice, the war with Mexico broke out, and he went to that country as a Lieutenant of one of the companies composing the Second Pennsylvania Regiment. He was in several engagements, and acquitted himself with great bravery.

When peace was declared, he returned and located in this place, where he soon earned an enviable reputation as a skillful and finished lawyer. Without wishing to draw any invidious comparison, we may say that as a criminal lawyer he had few equals—no superiors. All must remember the truly eloquent manner in which he defended Tracy, tried for the murder of Robinson, in 1852, and his ingenious defence of M'Kim is still fresh in our memory.—He was at one time District Attorney of the county.

At the time of his death, he was Captain of the "Hollidaysburg Fencibles," a military company in which he took great pride. Immediately after his death his company took charge of his remains, and removed them to their armory, where he was dressed in his uniform, and placed in a metalic coffin. The armory was draped in mourning, and the coffin elevated on a pedestal covered with a pall. A crape canopy surmounted by an eagle was erected over the remains. Vases of flowers were placed on the pedestal, and the coffin was covered with the colors of the company—the whole forming a chaste and elegant tribute which did great credit to the Fencibles. In this way he lay in military state until Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock, when the funeral took place. In the interval at least a thousand persons visited the Armory. At 3 o'clock on Wednesday the services commenced in the Armory, and were conducted by Revd's Dosh, Knight, Junkin and Taylor. At half past three the procession moved in the following order:

Martial Music, (muffled drums.)
Hollidaysburg Fencibles.
Emmet Guards.
Juniata Rifles.
Soldiers of the Mexican War.
Nine Pall Bearers.
Hearse with coffin.
Nine Pall Bearers.
I. O. O. F.
Apalachian Encampment.
Members of the Bar.
Carriage with relatives.
Carriages with citizens.
Citizens on foot.

The procession was very large and imposing. The slow, measured tread, the reversed arms, and the funeral dirge made the occasion a very solemn one, and not a few eyes were dimmed with tears.

Poor Hofius!—a man of mind, and of most noble impulses—without an enemy on earth, save *one*, who lured thee on to destruction in the guise of social friendship. Well may we exclaim—

"One more unfortunate
Rashly importunate,
Gone to his death."

Let the grave cover his errors—let them be veiled in oblivion, and let us in charity to frail humanity only remember his virtues, even if flattery cannot "soothe the dull, cold ear of death." We all have our faults. Let us think of them and try to reform them before we speak "trumpet-tongued against the deep damnation of his taking off."

Col. Hofius had been perceptibly failing for a year past, but it was only since May that he became very bad. His eye sight failed, and he became taciturn. It seemed, too, as if he looked for a speedy dissolution, as only a week before his death, he employed the services of a friend to destroy a large number of letters and arrange his papers. Friends advised him last winter to go to the hospital, but he frankly told them it was too late. Thus perished, almost without a pain or struggle, in the very flower of manhood, a man of the brightest intellect, with a soul as noble in all its impulses as ever animated human clay. A tear to his memory!

"Green be the turf above thee,
Friend of my early days—
None knew thee but to love thee,
None named thee but to praise."

Tribute of Respect.

On the opening of the Court on Tuesday morning last, Col. McMurtrie announced in a feeling and appropriate manner the death of Col. Hofius, after which the Court adjourned until two o'clock. Immediately after, the members of the bar held a meeting, when a committee was appointed to draft a series of resolutions, to report at an adjourned meeting, to be held at 1½ o'clock.

At that hour the meeting was re-organized by calling S. Calvin, Esq. to the chair, and appointing Thad. Banks, Esq., Secretary.

S. Steel Blair, Esq., delivered a very eloquent eulogy on the deceased, after which the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the members of this bar have received with regret the announcement of the death of their friend and fellow-member, David H. Hofius, Esq.

Resolved, That in the lamented death of Mr. Hofius, the Bar has lost one of its most eminent members, whose memory is hallowed by a life of noble bearing, and manly and generous impulses, and whose virtues are attested alike by the confidence and esteem with which he was regarded in life, and the sorrow with which his sudden and untimely death is mourned by all who knew him.

Resolved, That we tender to the relatives of the deceased the assurance of our sympathy in the hour of their sorrow and bereavement.

Resolved, That in token of our regard for the memory of the deceased, we will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days, and attend his funeral in a body.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting of the Bar, relative to the death of Mr. Hofius, be communicated to the nearest relatives of the deceased.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be reported to the Court, and by the permission of the Court, the same be entered at large upon the record.

S. S. Blair and E. Hammond, Esqs., of Hollidaysburg, Hon. H. S. Megraw, J. Edgar Thompson, President of the Penna. Railroad, R. J. Haldeman, of the Harrisburg *Union*, Gen. Wm. H. Koontz, of Somerset, Capt. J. A. Dalgren, Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Attorney General Knox, Maj. J. C. Osterloh, Hon. John Covode, of Westmoreland, Col. A. G. Curtin, of Centre, and many others, are now, or have been lately, at the Springs.

We are indebted to our handsome friends of the *Blair County Whig*, for a very flattering notice of our late flying visit to Hollidaysburg. The tribute is merited and correct, barring the military titles—but we are anxiously waiting for the next war! The "Major" will then no doubt become a General, and the "Colonel" be promoted to Commander-in-Chief!

PENNSYLVANIA STATE JOURNAL.—This is the title of a new weekly paper just started in Philadelphia. It supports the People's Party with much spirit, and promises to be of great service in the good cause. It is a large paper and neatly printed. Reuben G. Orwig & Co. Terms $2 per annum. Subscribe for it.

The last *Gazette* attempts to injure our County ticket, by saying that "the two best offices are given to Bedford Borough." That paper does not state that the THREE best offices on the Locofoco ticket are given to Bedford Borough! Try again, Mr. Heels!

We had the pleasure of taking by the hand, Judge Jones of the Hollidaysburg Register, on our visit to that place last week. Time appears to set lightly on the Judge, and he still publishes and we hope he may for many years to come—one of the best papers in the State.

The New York Herald has learned Mr. Buchanan's character better since 1855 and 1856. It now understands precisely what is meant by the Bedford and Harrisburg editorial announciations that Mr. Buchanan is no candidate. In commenting yesterday upon these announciations, the Herald says:

"It is quite possible, however, notwithstanding the fixed resolution of Mr. Buchanan to close up his public career with the expiration of his present term, that the clamors of the Opposition factions and the distractions of the Democracy may result in *compelling the Charleston Convention to bring him again before the people as the only candidate competent to reunite the party North and South in a solid column against the black Republicans.* Upon this point we give a chapter of extracts from some of the leading political journals of the South, which will furnish the reader a pretty clear conception of the dissensions and divisions in the Democratic camp touching the rival aspirants already in the field for the Charleston nomination."

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says:

"The denial from Bedford of Mr. Buchanan's candidacy in 1851 is on the same footing with similar contradictions here, where the whole power and patronage of the Administration have been employed to promote J. B.'s nomination. That dodge is well understood."

The Motives of the Peace.

A Paris letter to the *Independence Belge*, in discussing the causes that have led to peace, gives some interesting statements that we translate for the *Bulletin*, as follows:

"The motives which led to the Emperor's decision were many and serious. I think, first, that he was profoundly affected by the sight of the bleeding sacrifices heaped up on the battle fields of Magenta and Solferino. There is in his mind a certain stock of philosophic ideas, which inspired his actions in the early part of his career, which re-appear often in his deeds and his words, and which must make him sensible of the evils of war. The fatal effects of the heat, which kills the wounded and makes the healthiest suffer, must also have been a painful spectacle so him. The thought of bringing to a close a war which had already struck such terrible blows, and which he had, moreover, brought to a point where important results could be secured, naturally took possession of his mind. He had, before all Europe, a great part to play. On the other hand, he knew the situation of the Austrian army, and he knew that overtures made by him, with proper dignity, could not but be received with the liveliest satisfaction.

"The Emperor Francis Joseph had left the battle field of Solferino, a prey to the most grievous emotions. He could not control his tears on finding himself following in the defeat of that army in which he had placed so much confidence. Overcome by fatigue and grief, he suffered, I am assured, for several days, from a violent fever. His army, to which victory had been so often promised in the strong position it occupied, itself amazed at its defeat, was demoralized and disorganized. He dreaded the disheartening effect of the battle in Germany, and even in his own States. He knew that, his treasury being exhausted, Austria was not in a condition to replace the army formed with so much labor, whose good discipline and valiant resistence could not stand against the *elan* of the French troops. He had suffered also from other bitter disappointments. His allies refused the support that he had vainly called for, and on which he had reckoned before his fatal declaration of war.

"The Emperor Napoleon knew all these things Perhaps the idea of not aggravating the misfortunes of his young foe, *and not weakening him beyond the point where he might be useful even to the interests of France also entered his mind.*"

The last quoted sentence is sifinificant. The rest of the letter need not be translated.

Cassius M. Clay, Esq., furnished to the editor of the Louisville Journal the following important endorsement of the curative effects of alcohol in cases of bites or stings of venerous reptiles or insects. Readers should preserve the extract:

GENTLEMEN:—I saw in your yesterday's Journal, that a citizen of Lewis county, Ky., had died of the bite of a rattlesnake, after all the usual remedies had been tried. Now it would be well to know that alcoholic spirits is a certain specific for the bites of all reptiles and poisonous insects. This is too well known to be a disputed question. We were all astonished in the West, a few years ago, when a distinguished clergyman died in New York City, from the bite of a half torpid rattlesnake, in the midst of the 'learned faculty.' But I write this now because of a recent occurrence in my own family of a poisonous bite. On Friday last my son, aged nearly twelve years, took off his shoes and went gunning amid the white clover. He says he was bitten on the toe by something, and was afraid to return to look after it. This was about 5 P. M.; at 7 his toe was badly swollen, as was his foot, throat, and the jaw on the same side, and the lip and eye, which began to be quite painful. We immediately gave him apple brandy, (very high proof) and in the course of an hour had taken near a pint before he began to show the effects of it in a disposition to sleep. At nine he was asleep; the swelling had ceased to increase, his pulse was full, a little quick and irregular, but in the morning the swelling was everywhere somewhat reduced, and although he complained of a little nausea at the stomach, he ate his several meals during the day, and experienced no other effect from the large quantity of brandy which he drank. This morning he is running about as usual. I omitted to state that we bound saleratus on his toe till we sent for some ammonia, with which we moistened the saleratus. This was upon the theory that the poison is an acid, and any alkali will answer, though ammonia is thought to be the best. So confident was I in the success of the remedy, that I never even sent for the 'learned faculty' at all, whose reluctance to adopt and recommend this well known remedy is a curious subject of speculation.

Your obedient servant,
C. M. CLAY.

P. S.—I am in hopes that the medical journals will notice this case, at least with the view of philosophical inquiry into the *true* remedy, if they *deny this*.

HORACE GREELY GETS SHAVED.—Mr. Greely while at Denver city, writes:

"I had the honor to be shaved there by a nephew (so he assured me) of Murat, Bonaparte's King of Naples—the honor and the shave together costs but a paltry dollar. Still a few days of such luxury surfeited me, mainly because the drinking room was also occupied by several blacklegs as a gambling hell, and the incessant clamor of "Who'll go me XX? The ace of hearts is the winning card. Whoever turns the ace of hearts wins the $20." &c., &c., persisted in at all hours of the night, became at length a nuisance from which I craved deliverance at any price. Then the visitors of that drinking and gambling room had a careless way, when drunk, of firing revolvers, sometimes at each other, at other times quite miscellaneously, which struck me as inconvenient for a quiet guest with only a leg and a half, hence in poor condition for dodging bullets.—So I left."

Hon. John Bell writes to his political friends in Washington, that the Opposition will carry Tennessee at the next election. Nothing like the present enthusiasm has been know since the famous Harrison campaign of 1840. It is expected that Netherland will be elected Governor by from five to ten thousand majority, and that the opponents of the Democracy will return eight of the eleven members of Congress. The canvass against the dominant party is conducted upon the issue of its extravagance and corruption.

PARSON BROWNLOW.—This inveterate opponent of what is called Democracy, gets off some good things occasionally against that bogus concern. Recently an Alabama Democrat admitted the corruptions of his party, and added: I don't know what will save us, unless we give up to the Lord. Whereupon Brownlow remarks: "The Lord is *able* to save the Democratic party, but he is not *willing* to do it as long as the leaders violate that commandment which says, '*Thou* shalt not steal.'"

A DELICATE REBUKE.—Mr. Webster wrote, after continued provocation, to the editor of a newspaper, which referred to his private affairs, and especially to his not paying his debts. He said substantially:—"It is true that I have not always paid my debts punctually, and that I owe money. One cause of this is, that I have not pressed those who owe me for payment. As an instance of this, I enclose your father's note, made to me thirty years ago, for money lent him to educate his boys."

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS IN TEXAS.

TRAVIS CO., TEXAS, June 12, 1854.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Gentlemen:—This is to certify that my mother had been subject to periodical attacks of sick headache for a great many years; all the usual remedies failing to give relief, one of your pamphlets accidentally falling into her hands, she at once determined to try DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, prepared by you and immediately procured a box, from the use of which she received great benefit, and so long as she continued to use them was entirely relieved.

We have now been in Travis Co., Texas, for the last four years, and not being able to procure these valuable pills, her attacks of sick head-ache have again returned—for some time back has been gradually getting worse—and has determined me to send to you for a few boxes of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills. I herewith enclose you one dollar, for which you will please send me Pills per return mail. Address Austin, Texas.

I think you would do well to establish an agency in Austin; the Pills are well known here, and would meet with ready sale.

MEREDITH W. HENRY.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS. of Pittsburg, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of*

July 29, 1859. FLEMING BROS.

EPILEPSY, OR FALLING FITS.

We believe we cannot do our readers a more important service, than by again calling their attention to that most remarkable preparation, discovered by *Dr Seth S. Hance*, of Baltimore, Md., which posseses the power of alleviating and curing that horrid visitation of man—Epilepsy, or Falling Fits.—In recommending this preparation to our readers, we do so with a conviction that we are not degrading our columns to puff a common patent medicine, but are placing before them a discovery, which, if fully known, would probably do more to alleviate human suffering, than any invention of modern times. Dr. Hance, in asking us to notice his preparation favorably in our editorial department, has sent us for perusal a number of letters from persons who have used his Pills, and have been cured thereby. All of them speak in the most grateful and eulogistic terms. One great advantage this medicine possesses is the fact, that it can be transported through the mails, thereby affording every one an opportunity of dealing directly with the inventor, and also precluding all possibility of being imposed on by a counterfeit or spurious imitation. Dr. Hance pays the postage on his Pills to any part of the country, and will forward them by return of mail, on the receipt of a remittance. His prices are as follows: One box, $3; two do., $5; twelve do., $24. All orders for the medicine should be addressed to SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do, use Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and storekeepers throughout the United States, Canadas, West Indies and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

May, 27-1y.

MARRIED.

On the 21st ult., by George L. Cowen, Esq., Mr. WILLIAM C. WILLIAMS to Miss MARY J. ZIMMERLA, all of Maria Forges, Blair County Pa.

DIED.

In Bedford, July 28th, Miss EMMA C. FILLER, aged 19 years, 8 months, and 15 days.—Her illness was long and painful. She died in peace.

On the 26th ult., at the residence of his son-in-law, in South Woodberry Township, Bedford Co., THEODORE SNOBERGER, aged 95 years, 2 months, and 26 days.

Village Record please copy.

Normal School.

THE County Superintendent will open the third session of the Bedford County Normal School, on Monday the 22d day of August. All persons wishing to teach in the County during the next winter, are invited to attend, free of charge, for tuition. None other need apply.

H. HECKERMAN,
August 5, 1859.-c County Superintendent.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having filed an account of his Administration on the estate of Wm. Stuckey Jr. late of Monroe township, dec'd, which has been confirmed, will apply to the next Orphans' Court to be held at Bedford to be discharged from his office as administrator. ASA STUCKEY,
August 5, 1859. Adm'r.

WANTED.

A good Journeyman Blacksmith will secure a situation, at fair wages, by application to the subscriber. WILLIAM SPIDEL.
Bedford August 5, 1859.-c

CANDLES, adamantine and tallow—a superior article—just received, and for sale by
A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
Bedford August 5, 1859.

CHEESE—a good article—just received and for sale by A. L. DEFIBAUGH.
Bedford August 5, 1859.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested, are hereby notified, that the following named accountants, have filed their accounts in the Register's Office of Bedford County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court, in and for said County for confirmation, on Tuesday, the 30th day of August, inst., at the Court House, in Bedford.

The administration account of D. L. Keagy, administrator of the estate of Jacob H. Keagy, late of Middle Woodberry township, dec'd.

The administration account of Joseph B. Noble, administrator *de bonis non*, of the estate of David Stoner, late of South Woodberry township, dec'd.

The account of Samuel Willet, surviving Executor of Elizabeth Green, late of Wells Valley, Bedford (now Wells township, Fulton) County, dec'd.

The second and final account of John and Sam'l Snider, administrator's of the estate of Adam Snider, late of Snake Spring township, dec'd.

The account of John Cessna, Esq., administrator of the estate of Soloman Harclerod, late of Snake Spring township, dec'd.

The account of Charles McLaughlin, administrator of the estate of Sarah McLaughlin, late of East Providence township, dec'd.

The account of Samuel Oster, administrator of the estate of John C. Turney, late of South Woodberry township, dec'd.

The account of Epraim Foster, administrator of the Estate of Richard L. Foster, late of Broadtop township, dec'd.

The account of Jacob B. Kegarice, administrator of the estate of Jacob Kegarice, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

The final administration account of P. F. Lehman, Esq., one of administrator's of John Kellerman, late of Harrison township, dec'd.

The final administration account of James Blackburn, Executor of the last will &c., of Amos Penrose, late of St. Clair township, dec'd.

The account of Job Mann, Esq., Executor of the last will &c., of William Maiken, late of Bedford township, dec'd.

The 3rd and final account of Job Mann, Esq., administrator of the estate of Joseph S. Morrison, late of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, dec'd.

SAMUEL H. TATE,
Register.

Register's Office, Bedford, August 5, 1859.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Honorable FRANCIS M. KIMMELL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offenders in the said District—and A. J. SNIVELY and JOHN G. HARTLEY, Esquires, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the county of Bedford—have issued their precept and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer at Bedford, on MONDAY the 29th day of August inst. NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said county of Bedford, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, and inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Bedford county, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, August 5, 1859.

List of Grand Jurors.

DRAWN for August Term (5th Monday) 1859.

George W. Gump, Foreman, B. R. Ashcom, George Beegle, Christopher Carper, John W. Crisman, Solomon Dicken, John Eshelman, Joseph Fisher, William Fluck, Geo. W. Housholder, Wm. Overocker, Wm. Ott, Lewis Puff, Adam Pote, Oliver J. Robinett, Rinehart L. Replogle, Wm. States, Jacob Stucky, Levi Shafer, Samuel Stather, John S. Schell, Val. B. Wertz, Sam'l Walters, Stephen Wonders.

Petit Jurors.

Adolphus Ake, Jacob B. Anderson, Samuel Boor, John C. Black, James Barndollar, Simon Broombaugh, Wm. Berkheimer, Martin Broombaugh, A. Beckhoeffer, Jacob Barkman, Henry Beckly, Andrew Baker, Francis Beard, George Beckly, Fred. Kauffman, Cornelius Devore, Michael S. Diehl, Robert Elder, David Evans, Ephraim Foster, Jesse Grove, Adam Hite, David Imler, George Long, John Leyton, Richard Langdon, Daniel Miller, Simon Nycom, Cyrus Over, George W. Powell, Jacob Pea, Daniel Price, William Rock, Nathan Robison, John H. Rush, Valentine Steckman, John Watson, Isaac Wilson.

August 5, 1859.

LIST OF CAUSES

PUT down for trial at August Term, (29th day,) 1859.

George Mullin,	vs J. S. Morrison, Adm'r.
Nathan Karns, et al	" Peter Smith, et al
John Kemp,	" John W. Duncan,
Amos Wilson,	" Jesse Dicken,
Gideon Hitchew,	" J. R. Mowry, et al
Richard McEnesp,	" John Alsip,
Gideon D. Trout,	" John Feaster,
Thos. J. Horton,	" A. W. Evans,
Juniata Scool District,	" Joseph Nicodemus,
Thos. J. Young,	" Jacob Steele,
James Entrikin,	" D. Washabugh, et al
John McVicker, et al	" Geo. W. Powell,
John W. Beeler,	" M. Smiths Exor's.
Job Bowser,	" Danl. Steinman, et al
E. L. Anderson,	" Wm. Boober.

S. H. TATE.
Proth'y.

Prothy's Office, August 5, 1859.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, the subscriber will sell at public sale, at the Court House, in Bedford Borough on *SATURDAY, the 27th day of AUGUST, A. D.* 1859, a TRACT OF LAND, situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County, containing about one hundred and thirty-six acres, adjoining lands of Wm. M. Clark, John W. Crisman, Berkheimer's heirs, and others, being the mansion property of William Sleck, Sr., dec'd, and now owned by William Sleek, Jr.

TERMS,—$200 at the confirmation of the sale, $300 on the first day of April, 1860, and the remainder on the first day of April, 1861.

Sale to commence at one o'clock, P. M.

S. L. RUSSELL,
Trustee.

August 5, 1859.

$25 REWARD!

THE above reward will be paid for the apprehension and delivery to the Bedford County Jail of WILLIAM RUSSELL, who broke Jail on Monday morning the 1st of Aug. inst. He is about five feet seven or eight inches high, stout built and dark complexioned. He had on when he left a dark colored course straw hat, blue coat, and check pants.

WM. S. FLUKE,
August 5, 1859.—c Sheriff.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County Auditor to make a distribution of the balance in the hands of S. L. Russell, administrator of William Hotchkiss, dec'd, hereby gives notice to all persons interested that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at the Court House in Bedford Borough, on Saturday the 20th day of August A. D. 1859, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

J. H. FILLER, Auditor.

CAUTION.

MY Wife MARY MARTHA COGAN, having left my bed and board, without any cause or provocation, I hereby caution all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account.

JOHN W. COGAN.

Liberty Township, July 29, 1859.—c*

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fas. and Vend. Exponas, to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 27th day of August, 1859, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

One tract of land containing 4 acres, more or less, all cleared and under fence, with a two story log house with kitchen attached, frame stable and other out buildidgs thereon erected, adjoining lands of Henry Gates, Wilham Livingston and others situate in Hopewell township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of John P. Smith.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 67 acres, in Southampton tp., Bedford County and Bethel township, Fulton County, and having thereon erected one dwelling house, store house, ware house, and stable on the Bedford side of the County line, and a grist Mill, Saw Mill on the Fulton side, about 20 acres cleared and under fence, lying on Sideling Hill Creek and Crooked Run and having thereon a young orchard, adjoining lands of George Foster, Sarah Barns, Able Barns, and others, and taken in execution as the property of Jacob C. Mills.

ALSO,

All defendant's right title, and interest, in and to one tract of land containing 150 acres, more or less, about 80 acres cleared and under fence, with a one and a half story log house and double log barn thereon erected. Also on apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Jacob Mills, Henry Steckman, John Weimer and others, also one other unimproved tract of land.

ALSO,

One other unimproved tract of land about 80 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Benjamin Mills, Henry Mills, and others, and all situate in Monroe township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Michael Fletcher.

ALSO,

All Defendant's, John Taylor's, right, title, and interest, in and to one tract of land, containing 24 acres more or less, about 5 acres, cleared and under fence, with a log house and frame stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of William Brawiler, Abraham Fluke and others, situate in Hopewell township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of John Taylor.

ALSO,

All Deft's Daniel Wentz and Isaac Wentz, right, title, and interest, in and to one tract of land, containing 58 acres, more or less, about 8 acres cleared and under fence, with two log dwelling houses, log stable and other out buildings thereon erected, adjoining lands of Thomas Imler, Samuel Walters and others situate in Union township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Wentz and Isaac Wentz.

ALSO,

One lot of ground in the town of Clearville fronting 60 feet on main street and extending back about 175 feet to an alley, with a two story frame dwelling house thereon erected, adjoining lot of Joseph Messersmith and William Sleighter situate in Monroe township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Mariah Feight now Mariah Fisher.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 160 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house and double log barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of Michael Miller, John S. Hetrick and others.

ALSO,

One other tract of land containing 3 acres, more or less, unimproved, adjoining lands of Moses F. Marshall and Joseph W. Sleek.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 50 acres, more or less, about 15 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story stone dwelling house, log grist mill, tenant house and other out buildings thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Widow Reininger, Joseph W. Sleek and others.

ALSO,

One tract of unimproved land, containing 30 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of William Penrose, George Owe and others, and all situate in St. Clair township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel W. Crissman.

ALSO,

One tract of land containing 16 acres, more or less, about 5 acres cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company on the west side of the Juniata River near Riddlesburg, situate in Hopewell township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Peter Morningstar.

ALSO,

One lot of ground in the town of Stonerstown fronting 55 feet on main street and extending back about 150 feet to land of Abel Putt, with a two story plank house with basement and frame stable thereon erected, adjoining lot of widow Hoover, on the south east and John B. Weaver on the north west, situate in Liberty township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Matilda Hidenthal and Joseph Hidenthal.

ALSO,

One tract of unimproved land, situate in Liberty township, in the County of Bedford, adjoining lands of John Savage on the north, lands of Dillinger's heirs on the west, and lands of John T. Shirley on the south and east, having iron Ore on the same, containing ten acres more or less—

ALSO,

The ore and mineral right of a tract of land, situate in the said Liberty Township, in the said County, adjoining lands of John Savage, Jacob Cypher, and others, surveyed on warrant in the name of William Harris; containing 400 acres, more or less—

ALSO,

One tract of unimproved land, situate in the said Liberty township, and County aforesaid, adjoining lands of Isaac Kensinger, Esq., Jacob Fluke, George Fluke, William Fluke and others, having iron ore on the same, containing 52 acres, more or less

ALSO,

The ore and mineral right of two tracts of land, of 100 acres each, now in the occupancy of George and William Fluke, adjoining the 52 acres, more or less, as above described—

ALSO,

One tract of land, situate on Six Mile Run, in Broad Top township, in the county aforesaid, adjoining lands formerly owned by Septimus Foster, lands of the heirs of William Anderson, dec'd, and others, being part of a large tract, surveyed in the name of Mary Foster, the said tract of land being coal lands, with a log house thereon erected, containing 77 acres, more or less—

ALSO,

One tract of land, situate near to Six Mile Run, in the township and county aforesaid, and adjoining lands formerly owned by John Griffith and others, being coal land, with a small house erected, containing 9 acres more or less—

ALSO,

The one undivided half part of four tracts of lands, situate on the south west branch of Shoup's run, and partly on the North East Branch of Six Mile Run, in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of the Lancaster Coal Co., the Huntingdon and Broad Top Rail Road and Coal Co., William P. Schell, and others, surveyed on warrant in the name of Benjamin Penn, George Hamilton, and others, being coal lands, and having thereon erected a log house and barn with 70 acres more or less, of cleared land on the same, containing 342 acres, more or less; and all the above described lands taken in execution as the property of James Elntrekin.

ALSO,

All Deft's right, title, and interest in and to one lot of ground, in the town of Saxton, fronting about 55 feet on the Rail Road Street, and extending back about 150 feet, with a brick dwelling house and kitchen attached, adjoining lots formerly owned by Jacob Fockler on the east and on the west; situate in Liberty township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of William H. Brown.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, August 5, 1859.

ALL kinds of Summer goods almost given away at the CHEAP store of OSTER & CARN.
July 29, 1859.

THE place to get your "money back" by getting more than its worth, is at the cheap store of
July 29, 1859. OSTER & CARN.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
BEDFORD FORGE
AND
LEMNOS IRON WORKS!

THE undersigned will offer at Public Sale at the House of James Beckwith, in the town of Hopewell, Bedford Co., on

Tuesday, the 23rd Day of August,

next, the valuable IRON PROPERTY, known as Bedford Forge and Lemnos Iron Works, situate in Hopewell Township, and within a short distance of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Rail Road.

The improvements at Bedford Forge, consist of a new Forge, (now in operation) with sheet iron roof, coal house, Saw-Mill, a large number of houses for hands, a fine Mansion House, a good barn and stables. The tract of land on which these improvements are erected contains about 237 acres, and is a good arable land, having a considerable quantity of land cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. There is, is also, on this tract, a very extensive and valuable vein of fossil iron ore, and one bank opened. Attached to this property there is another farm of valuable land containing about 260 acres—Also, a large body of unsurpassed timber lands, containing about 7,000 acres, and veins of iron ore running through the whole of it.

The improvements at Lemnos, consist of a charcoal furnace, (now in blast,) forge, mansion house, store house, houses for hands, stables, etc., etc.—The ore bank, one vein of hematite and the other of fossil, belonging to this property contain iron of the best quality, and of vast extent. The timber lands attached to this property, contains about 4,500 acres, of which 1,000 acres are good arable land and can be converted into excellent farms.—The above lands will be sold together or in parcels to suit purchasers.

☞ Drafts, diagrams, and full description of the lands, will be furnished and exhibited to bidders on the day of sale.

☞ The sale will commence at one o'clock, P. M., and will be continued from day to day till all is sold.

TERMS:—One third in hand and the residue in two equal annual payments without interest.

JOHN CESSNA.

July 29, 1859.—d

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of OSTER, MANSPEAKER & CARN, are respectfully and earnestly, requested to call and settle their accounts either by CASH or NOTE; circumstances demand a speedy settlement of the Books of the firm, therefore we trust that all interested will attend to this notice, otherwise we shall be put to the unpleasant necessity of adding costs.

July 29, 1859.—2m.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
A TOWN LOT.

THE subscriber will sell at public sale on Saturday the 6th day of August, next,

A VALUABLE TOWN LOT

in the Borough of Bedford, fronting 60 feet on Pitt Street, and running back to the Juniata, being the property lately burned and recently occupied by Isaac Meugel Jr.

TERMS:—If desired, the purchase money will not be demanded for several years, provided the purchaser secures the same by judgment note with sufficient personal security, the interest payable annually. Otherwise cash, possession will be given at consummation of contract. Title warranted.

July 22, 1859. JOHN P. REED.

Choice Lands for Sale in Central Iowa.

THE subscriber, who is now on a visit at Bedford, has for sale upwards of one hundred farms in Iowa. These farms are all favorably located, in the best parts of Iowa, and contain from 40 to 500 acres, and can be sold for cash at from 3 to 10 Dollars per acre. Titles good, and land warranted. These lands are sold for the benefit of a Literary Institution. Land plats exhibited and terms made known by R. WEISER,

President of Central College of Iowa.

July 22, 1859.

STILL THEY COME!

NEW GOODS arriving nearly every day, (and always some on the road) at

Ferguson & Manspeaker's Emporium.

The prices and the *taste* displayed in their selection can be seen better at the counter than in the newspapers. Come and see, examine and then judge for yourselves. We charge nothing for showing.

Below find only a few of the prices:

Calicoes,	4 cts.	to	12
Muslins,	4 "	"	12
Lawns,	6 "	up	
Ginghams,	10 "	up	
Delaines,	10 "	up	
Men's Summer goods,	8 "	up	

Coffee, 12, 14, 15.
Sugar, from 8 to 14.
Sirups, 50 to 75.

Shoes to cheap too talk about, and everything else in proportion.

Bedford, July 15, 1859.

Iron City College

$40.00

PAYS for a full course in the Iron City College, the largest, most extensively patronized and best organized Commercial School in the United States.

875 *Students attending daily, March*, 1859.

Usual time to complete a full course, from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed to be competent to manage the Books of any Business, and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1000.

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

51 *Premiums for best Penmanship awarded in* 1858.

☞ Ministers' Sons received at half price.

For Circular and Specimens of Writing, inclose two letter stamps, and address.

F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburg, Pa.

NEW IMPROVEMENTS
At Gettys' Photographic Gallery.

THE undersigned having procured the services of Mr. John Vallade, of Paris, an Artist of rare attainments, is now prepared to furnish Photographs in

India Ink, Oil, and Water Colors

50 per cent cheeper than any ever offered to the Citizens of this Borough—

Also the new and beautiful improvement known as the

IVORYTYPE,

will be furnished for less than city prices—these pictures are beautifully colored and possess all the delicate tints of the finest paintings on Ivory surpassing in beauty and richness of tone anything of the kind heretofore introduced.

A skylight Gallery, will be fitted up at the Bedford Springs this week where those partial to the skylight pictures can be accommodated.

T. R. GETTYS, Jr.

July 1, 1859.—3m

ANY person wanting good goods cheap, of every description, style, and pattern can be supplyed by OSTER & CARN.
July 29, 1859.

SUGARS, Teas, Coffee, Molasses and Syrups, even of the best to be had in Market always on hand and for sale CHEAP, by
July 29, 1859. OSTER & CARN.

BLOODY RUN RAIL ROAD!
FERGUSON & MANSPEAKER'S DEPOT,
AT THE
SHOE AND VARIETY STORE.

EXAMINE THE LIST OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

of all kinds and descriptions, prices, sorts, sizes and conditions. Don't believe the wonderful *auction* Stories you hear.

Some excuse must be given for selling higher than we do.

EXAMINE THE LIST:

Coffee, best quality at 12 do. 15,
Sugar crushed at 13.
Syrup, best golden,, 75 per. gal.
" good quality at 50 cts.
Rice, 7 cts.
Chocolate 25 cts.

Every thing else at corresponding prices including Teas, Alspice, Pepper, Essence of Coffee, Cheese, Raisins, Figs, Dates, Preserves, Pickles, Cattle Powder, (insured,) Oil Cloths, Table Oil Cloths, Stationery of every kind, including Copy Books, Envelopes, Writing Paper, &c., Shoe-fixings; including Binding, Tacks, Pegs, Thread, &c., Brushes, Baskets, Bed Cords, Brooms, Buckets, Mats, Ink, Gloves, Stockings, Hair Brushes, Shirt Collars, bosoms, Neck-ties, Clocks, Hats, Caps, Fans, Suspenders; in short, Every thing but Dry Goods, and even some of them.

ALSO,

the best variety of Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff.

Try the PRICES.

May, 20, 1859.

WAR IN EUROPE!

NAPOLEON the Third is bound to revenge his uncle, and

REED & MINNICH,

are determined to sell their large and splendid stock of

NEW GOODS,

at prices far exceeding in cheapness any yet offered the people of Bedford,

THE LATEST STYLES,

of fashionable DRESS GOODS, for ladies and gentlemen, will be found at their store.

THE BEST QUEENSWARE

adorns their shelves, which they propose to sell particularly low.

THEIR GROCERIES,

such as Sugars, Teas, Coffee, &c. &c., cannot be surpassed in excellence or cheapness.

REMEMBER

these things and call at once at REED & MINNICH'S where you will not fail to find whatever you want in their line of business.

May 29, 1859.

NOTICE
Of Taking Depositions to Perpetuate Testimony.

IN the matter of the petition of Peter F. Kessler, Leonard G. Kessler, and John Whitney to the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County to perpetuate testimony, and rule upon William H. Irwin and Wife, James B. Lane and Wife, and all other persons interested, to show cause, &c.

The undersigned appointed by the Court Commissioner to take depositions in the above matter hereby gives notice to the above named parties and all other persons interested, that he will meet them, or such as may choose to attend at the house of John W. Duvall, in Wells Township, Fulton County, Pa. on Tuesday the 9th day of August next, at nine o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of taking said depositions, when and where all who think proper may attend.

JOHN MOWER,
July 8, 1859. Commissioner.

GROCERY
AND
CONFECTIONARY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles:—

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tarter, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

July 1, 1859.—zz

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Bulger & Beard, carrying on the Coach making business, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. ABRAHAM BULGER,
June 29th 1859. SIMON BEARD.

THE above business will be carried on by the undersigned at Woodburry. Being thankful for past favors, he would respectfully solicit a continuance of the public patronage.

ABRAHAM BULGER.

July 1, 1859.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of M. Reed, late of Liberty Township, dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH CRISMAN,
June 24, 1859. Adm'r.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration with the will annexed, have been this day granted by the Register of Bedford County, to the subscriber residing in Bedford Borough, on the estate of John Oster, late of Cumberland Valley township, dec'd. All persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same without delay, and those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. JOHN H. RUSH,
June 17, 1859. Adm'r.

SCHOOL.

G. SIGAFOOS would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he will commence his School on the first Monday of August, next, in the house on the square, now occupied by Mr. J. H. Filler.

Terms of tuition per Quarter.

Primary Branches—	$3 00
Common, English and Natural Sciences,	4 00

No deduction will be made for loss of time, except in case of sickness, and no pupil will be recieved for less than half a quarter.

GEORGE SIGAFOOS.

July 1, 1859.

CHEAP CHALLIES.

CHEAP CHALLIE DELAINS

SELLING OFF AT COST.

OSTER & CARN.

Bedford, July 15, 1859.

JOHN ALSIP'S
CHEAP
CASH AND PRODUCE STORE,

Opposite the "Washington Hotel," Bedford, Pennsylvania.

"Quick Sales and Small Profits."

DRY GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Groceries of all Kinds and Quality,

QUEENSWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES,

AND IN SHORT—EVERY THING ELSE WHICH IS USUALLY KEPT BY MERCHANTS, AND WHICH HE WILL SELL *"Cheaper than the Cheapest."*

June 24, 1859.

J. SELBY MOWER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Bedford, Pa.,

WILL attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

Office on Pitt Street one door West of the "Union Hotel."

June 10, 1859.—tf

NEW BANK!
NEW RAIL ROAD!!
AND
NEW SHOE AND VARIETY STORE!!!

FERGUSON & MANSPEAKER have just returned from the East, *another time*, with a splendid lot of

SHOES,

of every kind, particularly Women's and Children's summer ware,

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

ALSO,

DRY GOODS, containing a general assortment.

ALSO,

GROCERIES, and in their *variety department*, are contained a little of every thing. Call and see prices and qualities.

CALICO at 4 cents a yard for instance, and every thing else in proportion.

P. S. all kinds of produce, taken in exchange for goods at market prices.

June 10, 1859.

JACOB REED. G. W. RUPP. JOHN J. SCHELL.

REED, RUPP & SCHELL,
Bankers, and Dealers in Exchange.

Bedford, Pa.

DRAFTS bought and sold, Collections made, and money promptly remitted.

Deposites solicited.

References: Hon. Job Mann, Bedford, Pa.
John Mower, Esq. " "
John Cessna, Esq. " "
Ross Forward, Somerset, "
Bunn Raguel & Co., Phila., "
Jno. Watt & Co. Pittsburg, "
J. W. Curley & Co., Balt., Md.

June 10, 1859.

Carriage and Wagon-Making,

WILLIAM WEISEL.

HAS commenced the business of Carriage and Wagon-Making, in the village of

Charlesville, Bedford Co. Pa.

Attention will be given to Repairing, Painting and Trimming. Work will be put up in the best and neatest styles, and at moderate prices. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public.

Charlesville, June 10, 1859.—z

FRUIT CANS! FRUIT CANS!!

THE subscriber has on hand a new lot of SEALING CANS for putting up all kinds of fruit, which he offers at lower prices than can be procured elsewhere. One quart cans, 12½ cents; three pints, 18¾; two quarts, 25 cents. Country merchants supplied at a discount. They are convenient for persons living in the country, and warranted to be equal to any others now in use.

GEO. W. BLYMIRE.

July 15, 1859.—3m.

CHEAP LAWNS, NEW AND BEAUTIFUL,
CLOSING OUT AT COST.

OSTER & CARN

Bedford, July 15, 1859.

Joy to the Admirers of A
FINE HEAD OF
RICH GLOSSY HAIR.

Talk of Beauty, it cannot exist without a fine head of hair, then read the following, and if you ask more, see circular around each bottle, and no one can doubt.

PROFESSOR WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color, gray hair—covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth—removes the dandruff, itching, and all cutaneous eruptions—causes a continual flow of the natural fluids; and hence, if used as a regular dressing for the hair will preserve its color, and keep it from falling to extreme old age, in its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald the gray, or diseased in scalp, to use it; and surely the young will not, as they value the flowing locks, or the witching curl, ever be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.

The agent for Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in New Haven, received the following letter in regard to the Restorative, a few weeks since:

DEEP RIVER, CONN., July 23, 1856.

Mr. Leavenworth—Sir: I have been troubled with dandruff or scurf on my head for more than a year, my hair began to come out, scurf and hair together. I saw in a New Haven paper about "Wood's Hair Restorative" as a cure. I called at your store on the 1st of April last, and purchased one bottle to try it, and I found to my satisfaction it was the thing, it removed the scurf and new hair began to grow; it is now two or three inches in length *where it was all off*. I have great faith in it. I wish you to send me two bottles more by Mr. Post, the bearer of this. I don't know as any of the kind is used in this place, you may have a market for many bottles after it is known here.

Yours with respect, RUFUS PRATT.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 9, 1856.

PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—in fact BALD. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation I can induce many others to try it.

Yours respectfully,
D. R. THOMAS, M. D.
No. 464 Vine street.

VINCENNES, IA., June 22, 1853.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: As you are about to manufacture and vend your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whomsoever it may concern, that I have used it and known others to use it—that I have, for several years, been in the habit of using other Hair Restorative, and that I find yours vastly superior to any other I know—It entirely cleanses the head of dandruff, and with one month's proper use will restore any person's hair to the original youthful color and texture, giving it a healthy, soft and glossy appearance; and all this, without discoloring the hands that apply it, or the dress on which it drops. I would, therefore, recommend its use to every one desirous of having a fine color and texture to hair.

Respectfully yours,
WILSON KING.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry.
And sold by all good Druggists.

A MAP OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

I PROPOSE to make a directory Map of Bedford County from actual surveys, if a sufficient number of subscribers can be raised to warrant the undertaking.

The map will show the location of all the citizens, and also their places of business such as stores, Post Offices, Hotels, Manufacturing establishments, Grist Mills, Saw Mills, Shops, &c., also the location of all the public roads, boundary lines, streams, mountains, &c.

Maps of all the towns and large villages will be put on the same sheet, also statistical tables of the County, and (if taken in time) the census of 1860.

The map could not be ready for delivery in less than about a year and a half.

EDWD. L. WALKER.

July 1, 1859.

CAUTION.

MY Wife Catharine Eshelman, having left my bed and board without any cause or provocation, I hereby caution all persons from trusting her on my account as I am determined not to pay any debts of her contracting.

JACOB ESHELMAN.

Middle Woodbury Tp., July 8, 1859.—*

PAMPHLET LAWS.

PAMPHLET Laws for 1859, have been received at this office, and ready for delivery to those entitled to receive them.

SAM'L H. TATE, Proth'y.

Proth'y Office, Bedford July 8, 1859.

1500 yards new style LAWNS, in Browns, Lilacs, Amaranths, Pinks, Blues, Purples, Greens, Buffs &c., closing out at reduced prices.—by
June, 24, 1859. OSTER & CARN.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral and Jayne's Expectorant at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.
August 6, 1858.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded, at all hours of the day or night at Dr. Harry's, Drug Store.
August, 6 1858

GENTLEMEN

ARE invited to call and examine our second supply of CLOTHS AND CASSIMERS, suitable for the present season, we can show you the best stock we have yet offered, and will sell them—CHEAP as the same goods can be had at retail in America.

June 17, 1859. A. B CRAMER & CO.

NEW CARPETING.

THE subscribers have just received one thousand yards of new carpeting which they will sell cheap for cash or country Produce.

June 17, 1859. A. B CRAMER & CO.

IF you would walk erect, and procure good health by the expansion of your chest, call at Reemer & Way's Drug Store and get a pair of the best style of Chest expanding Suspender and Shoulder Braces.

July 1, 1859.

JAYNE'S Wrights, Bennett's and Dyott's pills at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.
August 6, 1858.

WOOL WANTED.

WE will pay cash or Merchandise for any antity of clear washed wool.

May 857. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

WHITE TEETH and a perfumed breath can be acquired by using the "Balm of a housand Flowers." To be had at DR. HARRYS.

March 6, 1857.

BLANK DEEDS,

A superior article, for sale at this office.
April 8, 1859.

NOW then for Bargains! selling off all kinds of Summer dress Goods at cost.

OSTER & CARN.

Bedford, July 15, 1859.

For the Hair—Jockey Club, and new mown hay, pomatums, genuine ox marrow, at Dr. Harry's.

SWAIM'S PANACEA at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

Probable Termination of the War in Europe.

News of a great battle would scarcely have caused so much excitement as did the news, received by the Africa, of the conclusion of an armistice between the French and Sardinian allies and the Austrians. The irresistible first impression here is that this is really the prelude to a permanent peace. Such seems, also, to have been the impression in Europe, where the markets at once became buoyant, and the funds at Paris, London, and all the European capitals, advanced decidedly. Let us hope that the public expectation may not be disappointed.

The armistice follows rapidly upon the victory of Solferino, of which it is doubtless the legitimate result. The battle was fought June 24th; the Austrians retreated, and the French crossed the Mincio June 28th. By the first of July, two, at least, of the important positions of the 'historic square' were threatened, and an expedition was on its way to Venice. In less than a week the terms of an armistice were agreed upon, and on the 8th of July it was formally signed at Villa Franca, by Gen. Hess, on the part of the Austrians, and Marshal Vaillant on the part of the allies. It is to continue until the 15th of August—an auspicious date for France—the birthday of the great Napoleon. The proposition for the armistice is said to have been made by the Emperor Napoleon, who, after his rapid series of great victories, was in a position to make pacific overtures to his discomfited foe.

But our admiration of the talent of the French conqueror halts before his strange, inscrutable disposition; and this suspension of hostilities, at a time when the world at large regards many objects of the war as still unaccomplished, confounds and perplexes us. It is true he has defeated Austria, and he may have deprived her of her Italian provinces. But Italy is still not freed. Bomba the Second reigns undisturbed in Naples, perpetuating the cruel policy of Bomba the First. The papal troops massacre unoffending men, women and children, and there is no one to interfere.—Garibaldi, the true chivalric hero and patriot of Italy, has not accomplished half of what he hoped to do for his country. Kossuth, who has just gone through Lombardy to lead his countrymen in a rising against Austria, finds himself at this most critical moment, wholly unsustained. The French Emperor makes a peace just at the instant when, for the plans and hopes of Kossuth, it is most important that he should be making vigorous war. Has Napoleon been trifling with Kossuth and Garibaldi, and has he suffered them to go foolishly into Austrian snares, as a punishment for their past treatment of him?

And what has been really done, or what will the coming treaty of peace do, for Sardinia?—Ameticans are altogether with Sardinia, as the most liberal and progressive of the European continental monarchies. The extension and strengthening of her territory and power are earnestly desired by the people of this country. If the Lombardo-Venitian States and the Duchies of Tuscany, Parma and Modena can be permanently annexed to Sardinia, under King Victor Emanuel, the war will not be regarded as a vain one.

Such annexations will make of Sardinia a kingdom of about sixty thousand square miles, with a population of nearly fifteen millions; and such a State, occupying the important position between France and Austria, would take rank among the great powers of Europe, nearly equal to Prussia, and much superior to Saxony, Bavaria, and other German States. The aggrandisement of Sardinia, at the expense of Austria, is a most desirable object for France, and the world at large will wait most anxiously to hear whether the treaty of peace will lead to the fulfillment of the liberalist hopes respecting Sardinia.

In the meantime, however, the war if stopped, certainly for a time, and, we trust, permanently. All the speculations about the 'historic square,' all the elaborate geographical articles that have appeared in the journals, are made worthless; all the newspaper strategy that has been so liberally displayed proves totally useless. We shall have no more fighting, for a time at least. 'Venice Preserved'—preserved from bombardment and bloodshed, as are also Mantua, Verona, and the other fair cities of Italy. The world returns to peace, and though the bloody fields of Lombardy may long turn up memorials of the war of 1859, they will soon bloom with new harvests that will cover up the traces of the conflict, and hide the heroic blood they drank so freely.—*Phila. Bulletin, July 20.*

A French magistrate, noted for his love of the pleasures of the table, speaking one day to a friend, said:

"We have just been eating a superb turkey: it was excellent, stuffed with truffles to the neck, tender, delicate, and of a high flavor. We left only the bones."

"Two," replied the magistrate. 'Yes, the turkey and myself."

A MAP OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

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The map could not be ready for delivery in less than about a year and a half.

EDWD. L. WALKER.

July 1, 1859.

TO BUY

GOOD SHOES CHEAP,

OF ANY STYLE AND QUALITY,

CALL ON OSTER & CARN,

No. 1 Cheap Side.

BLANKS! BLANKS!!

BLANK Exemption Judgment Notes, Executions, Summons, Subpœnas, Constable Sales, &c., for sale at this office.

AN excellent article of Hair and tooth Brushes at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

SWAIM'S PANACEA at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store

OLIVER C. CLARK, SAMUEL M HALLER

O. C. CLARK, & CO.,

FLOUR, FEED, GROCERY,

AND

Produce Store,

(Centre Street, next door to Lutheran Church,)

CUMBERLAND, Md.

A well selected stock is now open, and offered to families and country dealers, consisting of Family, Extra and Superfine Flour, Corn Meal, Corn and Rye Chop, Shorts, Ship-stuff, and Bran, New Orleans, Porto Rica, Muscavado and refined Sugars, Golden and S. H. Syrups, Molasses, Imperial, Young Hyson, and Black Tea, Java and Rio Coffee of the best quality. All kinds of Spices, Pickels in barrels and jars, Candles, Soap, Mackerel, and Herring, Water, Sugar, Soda, Edinburg, and Ginger Crackers, Peaches, Strawberries, Pine apples and Green corn, put up in can, expressly for family use. A choice lot of LIQUORS, consisting of Wines, Brandies, Rum and Whiskey, selected with care. Tobacco and Segars of various brands, with a variety of other articles usually found in Stores.

Additions to the stock will be frequently made, so as to keep up a general assortment; all dealers are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. All kinds of grain and country produce bought for cash, or in exchange for goods.

April 8, 1859.–1y.

BEDFORD CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

Rev. John Lyon,
T. Lyttleton Lyon, A. M., } Principals.

THE summer session of this Institution, will open on Friday the 1st of July 1859.

It is the design of the Principals to make this Academy in all respects a first class Institution for the thorough instruction of youth of both sexes and to prepare them for any profession or position in life.

The high moral and scientific tone of the school is well known to this community.

The spacious brick house, adjoining the resilience of Dr. Wm. H. Watson has been secured for the purpose of the Academy.

A few boys (the number is limited to ten) will be received into the family of the Principals as boarders.

The beauty of the scenery and the salubrity of the climate render Bedford a most desirable location of such a school.

Persons from abroad, visiting the springs, will be near their children during the summer season.

TERMS: $200 per year, including boarding, washing, fuel, lights and tuition in all the branches.

TERMS FOR DAY SCHOLARS PER QUARTER: $6 English branches, $7,50 Classical do. &c.

June 10, 1859.

BLOODY RUN HOTEL,

BLOODY RUN, PA.,

WM. DIBERT, Proprietor.

HIS TABLE will always be supplied with the best the market affords; the BAR will contain the best of Liquors, and his STABLING which is large, will be attended by a careful hostler.

May 27, 1859.–3m.*

FRENCH BURR MILL STONE MANUFACTORY.

The undersigned keeps constantly on hand FRENCH BURRS of all sizes, and furnishes every article required by the milling trade. Complete satisfaction guaranteed for a very article sold. Millers who prefer the solid BURR, by giving 4 to 6 months notice, can have their orders executed at the quarries in France.

Address WM. H. KEPNER,
Harrisburg, P. O., Pa.

April 8, 1859.–6m.

THE MENGEL HOUSE.

Valentine Steckman,

PROPRIETOR.

Boarders taken by the day week month and year.

April 25, 1856—tf

Hummel's Premium Essence of Coffee.

COFFEE made by it will have a more delicate and finer flavor, and will be much more wholesome. It will also be clear without requiring anything to clarify it. For sale by

OSTER. & CARN.
New Store, No. 1, Cheap side.

Jn uel 8, 1858.

New Jewelry.

THE subscriber has opened out a new and splendid assortment of all kinds of the most fashionable Jewelry—consisting in part of Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, &c. &c. Call and see his stock.

del4 DANIEL BORDER.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing and doing business under the firm name of Barclay & Garretson, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The Books, &c., are in the hands of B. W. Garretson, who is authorized to settle the business of the late firm.

S. M. BARCLAY.
Nov. 5, 1858. B. W. GARRETSON.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

DR. HARRY, at the Cheap Drug and Book Store, has just received, a large assortment of the best flavoring extracts, together with Baking Soda, Cream of Tartar, Saleratus, &c., of the very best quality, all of which he will sell the lowest prices.

Notice to Collectors.

ALL collectors, including those of the present year, are hereby peremptorily notified to settle their Duplicates, as far as practicable, by the next August Court. Pressing circumstances render this notice absolutely necessary, and it is hoped it will be promptly attended to.

By order of the Commissioners,
H. NICODEMUS,
July 15, 1859. *Clerk.*

SURVEYING.

O. H. GAITHER will promptly attend to all surveying business that may be entrusted to him. Office on Juliana street two doors south of the Inquirer office.

Dec. 31, 1858.

ST. CLAIR TOWNSHIP

AGAINST THE WORLD FOR GOOD EARTHENWARE!—Liberal inducements made to wholesale purchasers. All orders addressed to Schellsburg, Bedford County, Pa., punctually attended to.

April 8, 1859.–3m. WM. KIRK.

GOWQUA MATTINGS.

WE have just received a large lot of prime quality Mattings—4-4 and 5-4 check and plain white. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

May 27, 1859.

HAGERSTOWN ALMANACS for 1859, at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

Dec. 17, 1858.

PURE WHITE LEAD, Flaxseed oil and Spirits Turpentine at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

PICKLING VINEGAR.

PINE Cider Vinegar just received—also mould Candles. Extra quality.

Oct. 1, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & Co.

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS.

WE beg leave to call the attention of the Trade, and more especially the Physicians of the country, to two of the most popular remedies now before the public. We refer to

Dr. Chas. M'Lane's Celebrated

Vermifuge and Liver Pills.

We do not recommend them as universal Cure-alls, but simply for what their name purports, viz.:

THE VERMIFUGE,

For expelling Worms from the human system. It has also been administered with the most satisfactory results to various Animals subject to Worms.

THE LIVER PILLS,

For the cure of LIVER COMPLAINTS, all BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, SICK HEAD-ACHE, &c. In cases of

FEVER AND AGUE,

preparatory to or after taking Quinine, they almost invariably make a speedy and permanent cure.

As specifics for the above mentioned diseases, they are Unrivaled, and never known to fail when administered in accordance with the directions.

Their unprecedented popularity has induced the proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

to dispose of their Drug business, in which they have been successfully engaged for the last Twenty Years, and they will now give their undivided time and attention to their manufacture. And being determined that Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills shall continue to occupy the high position they now hold among the great remedies of the day, they will continue to spare neither time nor expense in procuring the Best and Purest material, and compound them in the most thorough manner. Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS. Pittsburgh, Pa.

P. S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly, and *take none but Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros. Pittsburgh, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twelve three-cent postage stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen three-cent stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry, and Reamer & Way, Bedford, and by dealers generally throughout the County.

May 27, 1859.–zz.

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED

GERMAN BITTERS,

PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON & CO., Philad'a, Pa.,

WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach,

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

☞DO YOU WANT SOMETHING TO STRENGTHEN YOU?

DO YOU WANT A GOOD APPETITE?

DO YOU WANT TO BUILD UP YOUR COFSTITUTION?

DO YOU WANT TO FEEL WELL?

DO YOU WANT TO GET RID OF YOUR NERVOUSNESS?

DO YOU WANT ENERGY?

DO YOU WANT TO SLEEP WELL?

DO YOU WANT A BRISK AND VIGOROUS FEELING?

If you do, use Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and store keepers throughout the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry and Reamer & Way, Bedford, and by dealers generally throughout the County.

May 27, 1859.–zz.

BUY

THE

WAMSUTTA PRINTS.

They are the Best Calicoes yet offered to the Public for the money.

WHOLESALE AGENTS

DEFOREST, ARMSTRONG & Co.,

NEW YORK.

April 22, 1859.–4m

HOPEWELL HOUSE.

HOPEWELL, BEDFORD COUNTY, PENN'A

JOHN B. CASTNER,

Proprietor.

May 6, 1859.–1y.

DRUGS AND BOOKS.

DR. F. C. REAMER & S. J. WAY,

HAVING formed a partnership, in the DRUG and BOOK BUSINESS, will constantly keep on hand, at the old stand, a large and well selected stock of choice

Drugs and Medicines, wholesale and retail, all of which will be sold on fair terms. The assortment consists in part of

Drugs and Chemicals, Dye Woods and Acids, Paints and Oils, Window Glass and Glass Ware, Tobacco and Segars, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.

PATENT MEDICINES.—Having the regular agency for the sale of many of these medicines, the public are assured that they are of the best, such as have stood the test of time and experience, and can be safely recommended as genuine. viz: Townsend's and Sand's Sarsaparilla, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines, Fahnstock's, Hobensack's and other vermifuge; Hoofland's German Bitters, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand a large stock of historical geographical, scientific, religious, poetical, school and miscellaneous BOOKS.

Also a great variety of FANCY STATIONERY, Cap, Post and Wrapping Paper, of every quality, Paper Hangings in great variety. Window Blinds, in patterns or by the piece. Wall Paper, Steel and Fancy Goods.

BLANK BOOKS of every size and quality.—Pocket-Books and Port Monnaies, Diaries, Blank Deeds and Mortgages, gold Pens and Pencils, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery in great variety, Soaps, &c., &c.

Lamps, and Camphine Oil and Burning Fluid, kept constantly on hand.

CHOICE LIQUORS for medical use; Wolffs' Scheidam Schnapps, Gin, Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines.

Jan. 28, 1859.

NYCUM'S IMPROVED CAST-IRON CARRIAGE HUB.

THE undersigned believes that he has invented a cast iron carriage hub which far excel all others now in use, for strength, neatness and durability, and that it only needs to be examined, and its merits tested, to secure its universal approval and adoption. Indeed it is no longer an experiment, it having been effectually tried by the best judges in our country, and pronounced one of the

Greatest Improvements of the Age!

Several vehicles have been in use over two years with the Improved Hub attached, and the wheels are still as perfect as when they left the shop, the unavoidable wear excepted.

This is the only Cast Iron Hub ever invented suitable for light wheels.

This improvement is of such a nature that one or more spokes may be taken out changed or replaced without disturbing the other portion of the wheel Where a wood hub is used, if a spoke happens to become broken, it is necessary to cut the tire and separate the felloes, to get at the damaged part.—The wheel must be then mporeco the sed, tire rewelded and reset. All this involves a considerable ense and loss of time.

In the present Improvement the inner ends of the spokes are secured in an Iron Hub, which consists mainly of two shells fasteneted together with screws. By simply unscrewing the nuts and taking off the back shell, any one of the spokes may be removed or changed, and the hub again put together, leaving the wheel as solid and firm as ever, all

WITHIN THE SPACE OF A FEW MINUTES.

This method of constructing Iron Hub Wheels gives them unusual strength,

LIGHTNESS AND NEATNESS,

besides obviating several other objections that have heretofore attended their use. The cost of manufacture is also greatly reduced.

The subscriber Agent for Bedford County, will dispose of Township and shop rights, on reasonable terms. WILLIAM O'NEAL Agent.

Feb. 18, 1859. Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa

MR. SICKLES ACQUITTED!

AFTER a long and hard struggle at Washington City, Mr. Sickles has been acquitted, and J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO. have succeeded in getting their stock of goods, which is very large and cheaper than ever before sold in Bedford. Consisting in part of

Black and Fancy Silks, Lavella Cloths, Debaige, Challies, Ducals, Delaines, Calicoes, Ginghams, Barege, Checks, Alpacas, Flannels, Shawls, Plain and Barred Cambricks, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Lawns, Gloves, Mits, Collars, Ribbons, Muslins, Tickings, Checks; a large assortment of Mens' and Boys' Wear, from 12½ cts. up; Linens, Shirtings, Black and Fancy Cassimere, Cloths, Hats and Caps, &c., &c., &c.

A large assortment of

BOOTS and SHOES,

cheaper than ever.

A good supply of Carpets, all colors and prices, single and double carpet chain, looking glasses, umbrellas, clocks, &c.

Also, A large assortment of

GROCERIES,

Such as Coffee, Sugar, Syrup Molasses, Tobacco, Segars, Essence Coffee, Spices, Dye Stuffs, Soap, Green and Black Tea, Shoe Blacking, Knives, Spoons, Candle Wick, Rice, Chocolate, Candles, Mustard, Whale, Linseed and Fish Oil, Buckets, Tubs, &c., cheap for Cash and Produce, and to punctual customers a credit of 6 months will be given. Thankful for past favors, we hope to receive a liberal share of patronage.

Remember the place, Anderson's Row, opposite the Gazette Office, is Shoemakers *Cheap Store.* So come on with your Tin and buy cheaper than you have ever bought before.

April 29, 1859.

NEW GOODS.

THE subscribers have just opened a large and well assorted supply of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

including all the various fabrics usually found in a store, consisting in part of viz: Blue, Black, Brown and Olive French Cloths, Black, and Fancy Colored plain and and side Band Cassimers, Cassinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades, Drillings, Linens, Chamburgs, &c.

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

Very handsome Spring Calicoes, Lawns, Challies, Robes, Barages, French and Lisle Thread Ginghams, Silks, Hosery, Gloves, N. W. Collars, Cambrics, Swiss Muslins, Stella Shawls, Parasols, Mantillas &c.

CHEAP CARPETINGS

Rag, Listing, Venitian, Half Wool, also Floor Oil Cloths, various widths. Our stock of

BOOTS and SHOES

cannot be surpassed in the County for extent, variety and cheapness.

GROCERIES

Rio, Laguira and Turkey Coffee, N. Orleans, Crashed, Granulated and Clarified Sugars, New Orleans Molasses, Golden Syrups, Teas, Chocolate Oils &c.

Our stock is very complete, and we shall be happy to exhibit our goods to all who may favor us with a call, whether they wish to purchase or not. To *good and reliable purchasers our terms are as usual,* viz: *prompt settlements, by money or note every January.* All kinds of Country Produce received for goods for which the highest price will be given.

May 6, 1859. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

FOR SALE, OR TRADE.

A Farm within one mile of the Rail Road and two miles of Stonerstown, in the Broad Top Coal region, containing about 160 acres, being good bottom land—about one-half cleared and the balance well timbered. The farm is well improved, and a fine spring of excellent water at the door of the house—also two good orchards of fruit trees on the premises.

ALSO,

A farm in Morrison's Cove, adjoining lands of David Stuckey, Barley's heirs, Jacob Furry and others, containing about 200 acres, one half cleared and the balance well timbered, with an abundance of locust and chestnut timber. There are several never failing springs upon the premises with a constantly running stream through the farm. There is also a large and thrifty young orchard bearing fruit thereon. The improvements are a rough cast House, Log Barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

160 acres of land in Harrison County, Iowa, of first class prairie, close to timber and within a few miles of the Missouri river above Council Bluffs.

ALSO,

334 acres in Story Co., Iowa.

ALSO,

118 acres in Pottawattamie Co., Iowa, near Council Bluffs.

ALSO

Lot no. 8 of block 52 in the city of Omaha, Nebraska Territory

ALSO,

1280 acres land in Austin County, Texas, East of the Brazos River on the Texas central rail road which runs through the land. It is well watered being upon the head waters of Cypress creek.

ALSO,

320 acres in Comanche County, Texas, on Wrescrs creek, 4 miles East of the Leon River, and on the line of the Memphis and El Passo rail road now in process of construction.

ALSO,

The farm in Morrison's Cove, adjoining Bloomfield Furnace, known as the "Pearson property" lately owned by David Daniels, containing 131 acres and 60 perches, with an excellent orchard of fruit trees thereon and never failing water at the door. The improvements are one large frame House, one log House and barn, with convenient outbuilings. The land is good—produces well, and is in a high state of cultivation. A good pike is close by leading to Hollidaysburg, which, with the Furnaces make a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce.

Nov. 12, 1858. O. E. SHANNON.

PERMANENT OFFICE.

Complying with the urgent request of hundreds of their patients,

Drs. C. M. Fitch and J. W. Sykes

HAVE CONCLUDED TO REMAIN

PERMANENTLY IN PITTSBURGH,

And may be consulted at their office,

NO. 190 PENN STREET,

Opposite St. Clair Hotel PITTSBURGH.

AND may be consulted daily, (except Sundays,) for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, and all other CHRONIC COMPLAINTS complicated with or causing pulmonary disease, including Catarrh, Heart Disease, Affection of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Female Complaints, etc.

Drs. FITCH & SYKES would state that their treatment of consumption is based upon the fact that the disease exists in the blood and system at large, both before and during its development in the lungs, and they therefore employ Mechanical, Hygienic and Medicinal remedies to purify the blood and strengthen the system. With these they use MEDICAL INHALATIONS, which they value highly, but only as Palliatives, (having no curative effect when used alone,) and invalids are earnestly cautioned against wasting the precious time of curability upon any treatment based upon the plausible, but false idea that the "seat of disease can be reached in a direct manner by Inhalation." For as before stated, the seat of the disease is in the blood and its effects only in the lungs.

☞No charge for consultation.

A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to consult us by letter.

March 18, 1859,–1y

A CARD.

Allegheny Male and Female Seminary,

RAINSBURG, Pa.

Faculty.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B., Principal, Prof. of Languages and Philosophy.
Wm. S. Smith, Prof. of Mathematics.
Jas. H. Miller, Adjunct Prof. of Mathematics.
Rev. B. F. Stephens, Lecturer on Moral Philosophy, &c.
Wm. A. Stephens, Prof. of English Grammar, &c.
Dr. J. Hughes, Lecturer on Anatomy &c.
Mrs. E. V. Osborne, Preceptress, Teacher of Music, French, Botany &c.
Miss Mary Williams, Teacher of Composition, &c.

Price of Tuition for term of 11 weeks.

Common English Branches	$3 25
Higher Branches, including common, each	80
Latin and Greek, each	2 00
German and French, each	1 50
Book-keeping and Commercial calculations	1 50

Ornamental

Drawing	2 50
Colored crayon, and water colors, each	3 00
Oil painting	5 00
Hair and wax flowers, each	3 00
Pellis work	3 00
Embroidery	1 50
Piano music, with use of instrument	10 00

Board $1,75 per week including room rent, fuel, furniture &c. This is one of the best, and cheapest institution in the country. The whole expense per term need not be more than twenty-five dollars.—The spring term commences April 5, 1859.

For particulars, address the peincipal.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B.

Rainsburg, Bedford co., April 29, 1859.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

THE FOLLOWING LANDS IN THE WEST:

80 ACRES in Brown County, Kansas, 3 miles west of Hiawatha, on the old St. Jo. road, and 18 miles from White Cloud on the Missouri River.—ALSO 80 ACRES, 15 miles west of Atchison, Kansas. These are fine rolling prairie lands within less than a mile of timber and running water. ALSO 40 ACRES well timbered, in Grant County, Indiana.

And the following lands in Bedford County:

ABOUT 50 ACRES, well timbered, in Cumberland Valley Township, 9 miles from Bedford, near to John McFerrans. ALSO 430 acres, timber-land, in Union Township, on Bobbs Creek, about 2 miles above Conrad's Saw-Mill. Also five-twelfths of a tract containing 265 acres and 148 perches of Broatop coal land.

ALSO 110 ACRES of first quality LIME STONE Land, a half a mile south of Bedford, known as the Vondersmith Farm, 100 acres cleared, a Never Failing Spring of excellent water, a tolerable barn, and small frame house.

ALSO 137 acres of prime LIMESTONE LAND in COLERAIN TOWNSHIP, five miles from BEDFORD, known as the COMPHER FARM; 90 acres cleared and well improved, and the balance EXCELLENT TIMBER.

WM. M. HALL.

Jan. 7, 1859.

MRS. S. E. POTTS,

HAS just returned from the Eastern Cities with her usual stock of rich

Summer Goods,

Consisting in part of handsome Silk Robes, Lawn Robes, Barage Robes, Shawls, Lace Mantles, of every style, New Style Shawls; a large and splendid apartment of Spring and Summer Bonnets, of the latest fashion. Her stock is large, well selected, and will be sold cheap to suit the times. Call and examine the goods, and judge for yourselves.

April 1859.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs Washabaug & Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties, that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for,

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS,

Thrashing Machines, Ploughs, Apple mills, Cooking, ten plate, and coal stoves, sled and Sleigh soles, wash kettles, of different sizes, wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article,) oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

PLOUGHS.

Woodcock, Seyley and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS. Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the immergencies of the times, we will SELL LOW FOR CASH, OR COUNTRY PRODUCE. Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

March 4, 1859.–1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make.—Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly.—Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASHCOM.

Nov. 6, 1857,

KEEP IT BEFORE THE *PEOPLE!*

THAT CHEAP SIDE IS STILL

NOT TO BE OUTDONE.

EXTRAORDINARY inducements to CASH and PROMPT SHORT TIME BUYERS.

Spring prints, and Lawns, new and beautiful, from	6 cts. up.
Muslins, Brown and Bleached, from	6 cts. up.
Ginghams and Challie De lains, from	10 cts up
Men's and Boy's wear, from	12 cts. up.
Linen Pocket HDKFS, and STOCKINGS, from	6 cts. up.
CHILDRENS SHOES, from	12 cts. up.
Ladies Shoes and Lace Boots, from	62 cts. up
" Fine LASTING GAITERS, from	87 cts. up.
GOOD COFFEE, from	12 cts. up.
Prime NEW CROP N. O. SUGAR, at	10 cts.
Refined WHITE CRUSHED, at	12½ cts.
Bright Molasses and Syrups, from	12½ cts. up

and many other GOODS, too numerous to mention, at GREAT BARGAINS.

Call and examine for yourselves.

OSTER & CARN.

Bedford, May, 20, 1859.–2m.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared, at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for castings of any description for Grist and Saw Mills, Threshing Machines, Apple Mills, Ploughs, and all things else in their line that may be needed in this or the adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2 4 or 6 Horse power, *warranted* equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Woodcock, Plug, and Hillside Ploughs, *warranted* to give satisfaction or *no sale.* Points, shares and landsides, to fit all Woodcock or Seyler Ploughs in the County.

Farmer's Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at Foundry prices at the store of Wm Hartley, Bedford, Pa., Louderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp., John Nycum & Son, Rays Hill. Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner, and all work warranted. Call and examine our work and castings and judge for yourselves.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.–tf.

UNION HOTEL,

Bedford, Pa.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public that he has opened a Hotel, under the above name, in the old and well known Globe building, on West Pitt Street, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, where he will be happy to see all his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call. He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render all his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquors.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

☞ Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

JONATHAN HORTON.

Bedford, April 30, 1858

Plastering Laths!!

THE UNDERSIGNED having erected a Mill for sawing PLASTERING LATHS on his premises in Union Tp., Bedford county, is now ready to furnish any quantity on the shortest notice. Price $1.50 per thousand, 3 ft long. Other lengths in proportion.

Letters addressed to me at St. Clairsville, will be promptly attended to.

WM. GRIFFITH.

Union Tp., Feb. 16, 1854.–zz.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters Testamentary have been issued by the Register of wills, &c., in and for Bedford County, to the undersigned, on the estate of James Moore, late of St. Clair township, Bedford County, dec'd, that all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims are notified to produce them for settlement.

ABRAHAM BLACKBURN,
JOSEPH GRIFFITH,
July, 1, 1859.–t* Executors.

A NEW Supply of Muslins, Calicoes, Ginghams, Drillings, Satinetts, Casimeres, Cotton, &c., just received and for sale cheap at J. & J. M. Shoemaker's Colonade Store.

March. 4 1859.